## **PREDICTIONS OF** $B(E2; 0_1^+ \rightarrow 2_1^+)$ VALUES FOR EVEN-EVEN NUCLEI\*

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Adopted values (from a previous compilation) for the energy, E, and the reduced electric quadrupole transition probability,  $B(E2)\uparrow$ , for the first-excited 2<sup>+</sup> state of 276 even-even nuclei are tabulated. The adopted  $B(E2)\uparrow$  values are employed to test the various systematic, empirical, and theoretical relationships that have been proposed to exist among these  $B(E2)\uparrow$  values on a global, local, or regional basis. On the basis of these systematics, predictions of unmeasured  $B(E2)\uparrow$  values for 181 additional nuclei are made in the tabulation.  $\odot$  1989 Academic Press, Inc.

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#### **INTRODUCTION**

We recently published an exhaustive compilation<sup>1</sup> of experimental results for the reduced electric quadrupole (E2) transition probability,  $B(E2)\uparrow$ , between the 0<sup>+</sup> ground state and the first 2<sup>+</sup> state in even-even nuclei. This compilation contains adopted  $B(E2)\uparrow$  values for 276 nuclei. It also contains adopted energies, E, of the first 2<sup>+</sup> states for these nuclei together with energies, but not  $B(E2)\uparrow$  values, for an additional 181 nuclei.

With this compilation as a starting point, we subsequently carried out a rigorous test<sup>2</sup> of the various systematic, empirical, and theoretical relationships (we refer to them collectively as "systematics") that had been proposed by different authors<sup>3-8</sup> to exist among these B(E2)values. We also generated some new systematics of our own. They can all be employed, in turn, to make predictions for a nucleus without an experimentally determined B(E2) value. Such predictions constitute the main topic of this compilation.

We use "systematics" here not in the wonted sense of noticing how the B(E2) values behave for a particular element (although we will eventually consider such behavior) but in the more general sense of emphasizing those existent relationships for broad classes of nuclei. We are interested, for example, in their global behavior. These values, moreover, vary over a wide dynamic range—from a low value of  $0.002e^2b^2$  for <sup>14</sup>C to a high value of  $16.7e^2b^2$ for <sup>252</sup>Cf. Therefore, our predictions of absolute B(E2)values should be viewed and judged not with undue predilections referring to a particular nucleus or a small set of selected nuclei but in a much broader context.

In Ref. 2, we discussed three broad types of systematics in terms of the measured  $B(E2)\uparrow$  values or related

quantities. The first was global and essentially brought out the energy and mass number dependencies of the  $\gamma$ ray transition probability [which is related to the B(E2)] value]. The second was local and emphasized the correlations between the B(E2) value for (N, Z) anchor nucleus and those for the nearby (N + 2, Z), (N, Z + 2), and (N + 2, Z + 2) nuclei. The third was regional, the regions being bracketed by the magic numbers of protons and neutrons. We considered five different regions defined by the magic numbers Z, N = 28, 50, 82, 126, and 184.We then proceeded to understand the regional trends of the B(E2) values in terms of three schematic models: (a) interacting boson approximation (IBA) SU(3), (b) singleparticle (sp) "SU(3)," and (c) large single-j simulation. The formulas given here are based largely on the formalisms elaborated in Ref. 2.

#### **Global Systematics**

The global systematics are developed in terms of the mean  $\gamma$ -ray lifetimes  $\tau_{\gamma}$ . This quantity is related to the B(E2) value via the expression  $[\tau_{\gamma} \text{ and } \tau \text{ are in units}$ of psec, E in keV, B(E2) in  $e^2b^2$ , and the numerical factor in psec  $\cdot$  keV<sup>5</sup>]

$$\tau_{\gamma} = \tau (1 + \alpha)$$
  
= (40.82 × 10<sup>13</sup>)E<sup>-5</sup>[B(E2)]/(e<sup>2</sup>b<sup>2</sup>]<sup>-1</sup>, (1)

where E is the energy of the first-excited  $2^+$  state and  $\alpha$  is the total internal conversion coefficient.

#### Bohr and Mottelson

Using the functional form derived by Bohr and Mottelson<sup>3</sup> within the framework of the hydrodynamic model, all available  $\tau_{\gamma}$  values (omitting those for closed-shell nuclei) can be fitted by

$$\tau_{\gamma} = (5.94 \pm 2.43) \times 10^{14} E^{-4} Z^{-2} A^{1/3}, \qquad (2)$$

where A is the mass number.

#### Grodzins

The same data can also be fitted by the following expression, whose form was proposed empirically by Grodzins<sup>4</sup>:

$$\tau_{\gamma} = (2.74 \pm 0.91) \times 10^{13} E^{-4} Z^{-2} A^{1}.$$
 (3)

Best Fit

When the exponents of E and A are not held fixed as in the preceding two cases, the best global fit to the data is obtained by

$$\tau_{\gamma} = (1.25 \pm 0.50) \times 10^{14} E^{-(4.00 \pm 0.03)} Z^{-2} A^{(0.69 \pm 0.05)}.$$
 (4)

The values calculated using Eq. (4) are not as imprecise as they appear at first sight because the uncertainties are correlated (see later discussion). The B(E2) values follow from Eqs. (2)-(4) using Eq. (1). For a desired nucleus, knowledge of the energy of the first 2<sup>+</sup> state is all that is needed to predict its B(E2) value.

#### Local Systematics

#### Ross and Bhaduri

Ross and Bhaduri<sup>5</sup> noted that the F values for four neighboring nuclei satisfy the difference equation

$$F(N, Z) + F(N + 2, Z + 2) - F(N + 2, Z) - F(N, Z + 2) \sim 0, \quad (5)$$

where

$$F(N, Z) = [E \times B(E2)\uparrow]^{-1}.$$
 (6)

Thus it is possible to deduce the F value [and hence the B(E2)] value if E is known] for the fourth nucleus provided the F values for the three neighboring nuclei are also known.

#### Patnaik, Patra, and Satpathy

Patnaik, Patra, and Satpathy<sup>6</sup> proposed an even simpler difference equation [letting B denote B(E2)]:

$$B(N, Z) + B(N+2, Z+2) - B(N+2, Z) - B(N, Z+2) \sim 0.$$
(7)

They also proposed a difference equation for the energy of the first  $2^+$  state:

$$E(N, Z) + E(N + 2, Z + 2) - E(N + 2, Z)$$
  
-  $E(N, Z + 2) \sim 0.$  (8)

Because we had shown in Ref. 2 that Eq. (8) works fairly well, we could have used this equation to predict E for those nuclei without an experimentally determined value. We could also have employed the  $B(E2)\uparrow$  predictions [made via Eq. (5) or Eq. (7)] in a bootstrap manner to make predictions for still more nuclei. We chose to do neither.

While using Eq. (5) or Eq. (7), it is possible, occasionally, to obtain more than one prediction depending on the cardinal location of a particular nucleus in the midst of a four-nucleus cluster. In such cases, we averaged the predictions. In a few cases, the difference equations (5) and (7), due to their very nature, yield either negative or absurdly large B(E2) values. The former are discarded but the latter [which occur only with Eqs. (5) and (6), and are easy to spot as, for example, the value of  $29.6e^2b^2$  for <sup>92</sup>Mo] are included for the sake of completeness. Unlike any other systematics discussed here, the local systematics, as expected, are quite sensitive to revisions in the  $B(E2)\uparrow$ values (and their uncertainties) for nuclei in an affected locality. Such revisions are the norm, especially when dealing with nuclei far off the stability line.

#### **Regional Systematics**

For  $A \ge 56$  nuclei considered in this section, the dimensionless deformation parameter  $\beta_2$  is, to a good approximation, related to B(E2) via

$$\beta_2 = (4\pi/3ZR_0^2)[B(E2)/e^2]^{1/2}, \tag{9}$$

where  $R_0$  is usually taken to be  $1.2A^{1/3}$  fm  $(R_0^2 = 0.0144A^{2/3}b)$  and  $B(E2)\uparrow$  is in units of  $e^2b^2$ . The single-particle (sp) value is given by

$$\beta_{2(sp)} = 1.59/Z.$$
 (10)

In Ref. 2, we developed the regional systematics by first plotting (see Figs. 7, 9, 12, and 13 of Ref. 2) either the experimentally derived  $\beta_2/\beta_{2(sp)}$  or  $B(E2)\uparrow$  as a function of the product  $N_pN_n$ , where the valence number of protons (neutrons),  $N_p(N_n)$ , is defined as the number of particles below midshell and the number of holes past (see also Refs. 7 and 8). We then showed how the following four approaches reproduced the data with varying degrees of success. With slight modifications, we carry out those fits again here.

#### $\beta_2/\beta_{2(sp)}$ Systematics

In each region bracketed by the major magic numbers (Z, N = 28, 50, 82, 126, and 184), we fit the  $\beta_2/\beta_{2(sp)}$  data by an expression of the form

$$\beta_2 / \beta_{2(sp)} = C + D[1 - e^{-\alpha N_p N_n}], \qquad (11)$$

where C, D, and  $\alpha$  are constants for that region (see Table A). If the fit is nearly linear, we use a simpler expression obtained by expanding the exponential term and retaining only the first two terms:

$$\beta_2/\beta_{2(sp)} = C + D\alpha N_p N_n. \tag{12}$$

The  $B(E2)\uparrow$  predictions follow immediately from Eqs. (9) and (10). Even though we start with a single fitted curve for each of the five regions, the mass number (A) and proton number (Z) dependencies implicit in these two equations lead to a family of curves, separated by Z, for the  $B(E2)\uparrow$  values. Such curves (not shown here) are similar to Figs. 9, 12, and 13 of Ref. 2 for the three other schematic models discussed below. However, unlike the systematics based on these models, the  $\beta_2/\beta_{2(sp)}$  systematics are strictly empirical in nature because the three constants for a particular region are fixed by the corresponding measured data points.

 TABLE A

 Values of Constants in Eqs. (11) and (12)

Region		C, D, and $\alpha$
$28 \le Z \le 50,$ $28 \le N \le 50$	}	$C = 3.17 \pm 0.15$ $D\alpha = (5.8 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-2}$
$28 \leq Z \leq 50,$ $50 \leq N \leq 82$	}	$C = 3.45 \pm 0.14$ $D\alpha = (5.3 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-2}$
$50 \le Z \le 82,$ $50 \le N \le 82$	}	$C = 3.37 \pm 0.13$ $D = 12.3 \pm 3.2$ $\alpha = (9.0 \pm 3.2) \times 10^{-3}$
$50 \le Z \le 82,$ $82 \le N \le 126$ (including <sup>208</sup> Pb)	}	$C = 2.74 \pm 0.24$ D = 13.1 ± 0.5 $\alpha = (9.3 \pm 0.8) \times 10^{-3}$
$82 \le Z \le 126,$ $126 \le N \le 184$ (excluding <sup>208</sup> Pb)	}	$C = 1.59 \pm 0.34$ $D = 16.6 \pm 0.4$ $\alpha = (12.1 \pm 0.7) \times 10^{-3}$

#### IBA SU(3) Predictions

The  $B(E2)\uparrow$  is proportional to the square of the intrinsic electric quadrupole moment  $Q_0$ , which is the sum of the intrinsic quadrupole moments  $Q_p$  and  $Q_n$  for the valence protons and neutrons, weighted by their effective charges  $e_p$  and  $e_n$ . In the SU(3) [and also SO(6)] limit of the IBA (intermediate-boson approximation),<sup>9</sup> the  $Q_p$  and  $Q_n$  are proportional to  $N_p$  and  $N_n$ , respectively. The  $B(E2)\uparrow$  values (in units of  $e^2b^2$ ) in each region are given by

$$\approx (1.02 \times 10^{-5}) A^{2/3} (C_1)^2 4 [N_p + (e_n/e_p)N_n]^2, \quad (13)$$

where the overall normalization constants  $C_1$  (in units of *eb*) and the ratio of the neutron and proton effective charges  $(e_n/e_p)$  are determined by a fit to the data in that region. This fitting procedure (described in more detail in Ref. 2) does markedly improve the agreement with the data but is not a *sine qua non* as in the preceding case. The factor  $(1.02 \times 10^{-5})A^{2/3}$  arises naturally and corresponds to  $(5/16\pi)(\hbar/M\omega)^2$ , where  $(\hbar/M\omega)$  is the oscillator size parameter, *M* is the nucleon mass (taken as 939 MeV/ $c^2$ ), and  $\hbar\omega = 41A^{-1/3}$  MeV. Values of  $C_1$  and  $(e_n/e_p)$  for different regions are listed in Table B.

#### Single-Particle "SU(3)" Predictions

An alternative method for estimating  $Q_p$  and  $Q_n$  in a schematic "SU(3)" simulation and an illustrative example are shown in Figs. 10 and 11, respectively, of Ref. 2. There we simulate the quadrupole moments of the intrinsic single-particle state by the moments given by an

Region  $C_1$  or  $C_2$  or  $C_3$  $(e_{\rm n}/e_{\rm p})$  $28 \leq Z \leq 50$ .  $C_1 = 1.85 \pm 0.33$ 0.66  $28 \le N \le 50$  $C_2$  $1.43 \pm 0.22$ 0.40  $C_3$  $1.33 \pm 0.19$ 0.65  $28 \leq Z \leq 50$ ,  $C_1$  $1.92 \pm 0.54$ 0.65  $50 \le N \le 82$  $1.11 \pm 0.27$ 0.65  $C_2$  $C_3$  $1.19 \pm 0.22$ 0.65  $50 \leq Z \leq 82$ .  $C_1$  $2.84 \pm 0.21$ 0.62  $C_2$  $50 \le N \le 82$  $1.19 \pm 0.09$ 0.77  $C_3$  $1.22 \pm 0.09$ 0.82  $50 \leq Z \leq 82$  $C_1$  $2.61 \pm 0.22$ 0.74  $82 \le N \le 126$  $1.37 \pm 0.16$  $C_2$ 0.65  $2.00\pm0.22$  $C_3$ 0.24  $82 \leq Z \leq 126$ ,  $4.24 \pm 0.63$ 0.44  $C_1$  $126 \le N \le 184$  $1.45 \pm 0.09$ 0.47  $C_2$  $C_3$  $1.27 \pm 0.10$ 0.90

 TABLE B

 Values of Constants in Eqs. (13), (14), and (15)

SU(3) representation with a degeneracy as close as possible to that of a major shell. (For example, the s-d-g simulation of the 50-82 shell contains 30 states instead of 32.) The major shells, of course, contain states of both parities; the SU(3) simulations, on the other hand, contain only one parity [hence the designation "SU(3)"] and yet effectively simulate the sequence of the moments. For predicting  $B(E2)\uparrow$  values, we present in Table C a new set of Q values, obtained by stretching the distribution of the values (as a function of nucleon numbers) given by the SU(3) simulation (see Table II of Ref. 2) over the correct number of states. With the aid of this table, it is straightforward to deduce the  $B(E2)\uparrow$  values (in units of  $e^2b^2$ ) from the expression

B(E2)<sup>↑</sup>

$$\approx (1.02 \times 10^{-5}) A^{2/3} (C_2)^2 [Q_p + (e_n/e_p)Q_n]^2, \quad (14)$$

where  $C_2$  and  $(e_n/e_p)$  are constants for a particular region (see Table B). The factor  $(1.02 \times 10^{-5})A^{2/3}$  arises naturally as before.

#### Single-j Simulation

A major shell can also be simulated by a simpler "shell" consisting of a large single-*j* orbital with identical degeneracy. The  $Q_p(Q_n)$  estimates for the intrinsic states of protons (neutrons) in the j = 31/2, 43/2, and 57/2 shells corresponding to the 50-82, 82-126, and 126-184 major shells, respectively, are given in Table II of Ref. 2. For improved consistency, we renormalize these estimates

such that the sums of the new Q values listed in Table C under the stretched "SU(3)" and single-*j* columns are equal. Using Table C,  $B(E2)\uparrow$  values (in units of  $e^2b^2$ ) are obtained readily from

#### B(E2)∱

$$\approx (1.02 \times 10^{-5}) A^{2/3} (C_3)^2 [Q_p + (e_n/e_p)Q_n]^2,$$
 (15)

when the constants  $C_3$  and  $(e_n/e_p)$  are specified for each region (see Table B).

Underlying the above schematic SU(3) and single*j* models is the idea that nuclei with four or more valence nucleons can be regarded as being "well deformed" in the sense that the low-lying states of an yrast band of such a deformed nucleus can be projected from a single intrinsic state. Therefore, even though it does not *ipso facto* lead to strange results, it is inappropriate to employ Eqs. (13)-(15) when considering nuclei with or near closed shells. On the other hand, such restrictions do not apply to Eqs. (11) and (12) because of their empiricism.

Each of the three schematic models [IBA SU(3), single-particle "SU(3)," and single-*j* simulation] discussed above requires just two constants per region to be specified (and no knowledge of the energy of the first 2<sup>+</sup> state) in order to be able to predict the  $B(E2)\uparrow$  value for a desired nucleus. Moreover, the constants themselves are physically reasonable. For instance, in the five regions considered, the constants  $C_2$  and  $(e_n/e_p)$  in the single-particle "SU(3)" model lie in the ranges 0.8–1.7 (including the error bars) and 0.4–0.8, respectively. Therefore, even though we did seek recourse to the data in determining these constants, the systematics based on these models are on a plane different from that of the  $\beta_2/\beta_{2(sp)}$  systematics.

#### **Testing the Predictions**

An obvious way to test the predictive power of the formulas developed above is to forge ahead and predict the  $B(E2)\uparrow$  values for those nuclei that already possess measured  $B(E2)\uparrow$  values and to compare the two sets. The predictions are given in Table I and the comparisons are shown in Figs. I.1 through I.10. These comparisons demonstrate the validity not only of the overall approaches that we have employed but also of the specific uncertainties that we have assigned to the predicted values.

If the formula governing a particular systematic contains only one adjustable parameter, the central value of this parameter is determined by a least-squares fit to the data, and the corresponding uncertainty is given by procedures described in standard textbooks.<sup>10</sup> Such an approach applies, for instance, to Eqs. (2) and (3). The three formulas [see Eqs. (13), (14), and (15)] given by the schematic models each contain two parameters whose S. RAMAN et al. Predictions of  $B(E2; 0_1^+ \rightarrow 2_1^+)$  Values

	2	8-50 shell			50-82 shell		8	2-126 shell		12	26-184 shell	
$\mathcal{N}_{p}$ $(\mathcal{N}_{n})$	sp. "SU(3)" $(f-p)^{N}$	Stretched sp "SU(3)"	Single- <i>j</i> (27/2) <sup>№</sup>	sp. "SU(3)" (s-d-g) <sup>N</sup>	Stretched sp. "SU(3)"	Single- <i>j</i> (31/2) <sup>N</sup>	sp. "SU(3)" ( <i>p-f-h</i> ) <sup>N</sup>	Stretched sp. "SU(3)"	Single- <i>j</i> (43/2) <sup>N</sup>	sp. "SU(3)" (s-d-g-i) <sup>N</sup>	Stretched sp. "SU(3)"	Single- <i>j</i> (57/2) <sup>N</sup>
0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
2	12	11.2	5.9	16	15.2	7.7	20	19.2	9.5	24	23.3	11.2
4	18	16.9	11.5	26	24.7	15.2	34	32.7	18.8	42	40.8	22.3
6	24	23.0	16.5	36	34.6	22.4	48	46.4	27.9	60	58.4	33.2
8	24	24.0	20.6	40	39.0	29.0	56	54.5	36.6	72	70.3	43.9
10	24	24.0	23.6	44	42.8	34.9	64	62.2	44.9	84	81.9	54.3
12	24	24.7	25.1	48	47.2	39.9	72	70.4	52.6	96	94.0	64.2
14	18	21.8	24.8	46	46.9	43.8	74	73.4	59.6	102	100.6	73.7
16	12	16.4	22.4	44	45.0	46.4	76	75.3	65.8	108	106.3	82.7
18	6	10.9	17.7	42	43.1	47.6	78	77.2	71.0	114	112.1	91.0
20	0	5.5	10.3	40	42.0	47.1	80	79.8	75.2	120	118.6	98.6
22		0.0	0.0	32	37.5	44.9	76	78.0	78.2	120	120.0	105.3
24				24	30.0	40.6	72	74.2	79.9	120	120.0	111.3
26				16	22.5	34.2	68	70.4	80.2	120	120.0	116.2
28				8	15.0	25.4	64	66.5	78.9	120	120.0	120.1
30				0	7.5	14.0	60	63.4	76.1	120	120.7	122.9
32					0.0	0.0	50	57.3	71.4	114	117.3	124.5
34							40	47.7	64.9	108	111.5	124.8
36							30	38.2	56.4	102	105.7	123.8
38							20	28.6	45.8	96	99.9	121.3
40							10	19.1	32.9	90	94.1	117.3
42							0	9.5	17.7	84	88.9	111.7
44								0.0	0.0	72	81.1	104.5
46										60	69.5	95.4
48										48	57.9	84.6
50										36	46.3	71.8
52										24	34.8	57.1
54										12	23.2	40.2
56										0	11.6	21.2
58											0.0	0.0

TABLE C

Mass Quadrupole Moments  $Q_p(Q_n)$  for Increasing Number  $\mathcal{N}_p(\mathcal{N}_n)$  of Protons (Neutrons) in Various Shells

Note. The quadrupole moments are in units of the oscillator parameter  $\alpha^2 = \hbar/M\omega = 1.01 \times 10^{-2} A^{1/3}$  b. The listed moments are for prolate intrinsic states.

values are to be determined again by a least-squares fit to the data, but the estimation of uncertainty can be simplified by treating  $(e_n/e_p)$  as a fixed value. In the case of the local systematics [see Eqs. (5) and (7)], the uncertainty analysis is straightforward. If more than one parameter is involved, as in the cases of Eqs. (4), (11), and (12), a leastsquares approach will lead to a covariance matrix for the various parameters that need to be taken into account in the uncertainty analysis. If, for example, the parameters are strongly correlated, the final uncertainty can be quite small even though the parameters themselves carry large uncertainties.

The uncertainties quoted in the current B(E2)predictions are based on the considerations described in the preceding paragraph. An alternative way of testing the predictions is shown in Table D, where we compare how well they reproduce the data. In all but two cases, the degree of agreement is similar to that expected for a standard distribution with a well-defined variance. There is no *a priori* reason why the standard distribution norm should apply (except that it has an intuitive ring to it); nor did we contrive to achieve this similarity. Nevertheless, with the aid of Table D, we have established a confidence level for the predictions. By the same norm, it may appear from Table D that the uncertainties in the predictions based on the global best fit and regional  $\beta_2/\beta_{2(sp)}$  fit are underestimated; multiplying their uncertainties (quoted in Table I) by factors of 1.4 and 1.7 will remedy that

Number of $B(E2)$ Predictions That	Agree (within the Stated
Uncertainties) with Previou	s Measurements

		Percent in agreement within <sup>b</sup>			
Type of systematics	Number of measurements <sup>a</sup>	1σ	2σ	3σ	
Global					
Bohr and Mottelson	276	80	>99	>99	
Grodzins	276	74	>99	100	
Best Fit	276	49	80	91	
Local					
Ross and Bhaduri	252	63	89	95	
Patnaik					
et al.	250	62	90	95	
Regional					
$\beta_2/\beta_{2(sp)}$ Fit	229	52	72	85	
IBA SU(3)	168	71	95	>99	
Stretched sp.					
"SU(3)"	168	74	90	>99	
Single-j	168	70	95	100	
Standard distribution		68	95	>99	

<sup>a</sup> The number of measurements included in the respective regional fit is the same as that listed in this column. The global fits excluded measurements for 35 closed-shell nuclei.

<sup>b</sup> The symbol  $1\sigma$  denotes that there is overlap within the uncertainties quoted in Table I for the predicted and the measured values;  $2\sigma$  means there is overlap within twice the uncertainties; etc.

situation. Even with these factors, these two types of systematics generally yield predictions with smaller uncertainties than those based on the other nuclear models.

The stretched single-particle "SU(3)" and single-*j* predictions have been made in Table I for 168 nuclei on the basis that they are all prolate. The calculations of Möller and Nix<sup>11</sup> suggest that 29 of them might be oblate. Because the distribution of quadrupole moments (see Table C) is nearly symmetric, we find that the specific prolate-oblate assumption does not affect either the B(E2) predictions (except near closed shells) or the overall agreement between the predictions and the data in a significant manner.

Yet another way to test the predictions (see Table E) is to examine how well they reproduce new measurements. The latter can be split into two categories: (a) nuclei for which an adopted  $B(E2)\uparrow$  value was given in the previous compilation<sup>1</sup> (based on the literature up to the end of 1985) and (b) nuclei with a  $B(E2)\uparrow$  value reported for the first time. Most of these measurements pertain to nuclei far off the stability line; they are intrinsically difficult, and the results are often discordant. When there is only one reported value we have no choice, but when two values are listed in Table E for a particular nucleus, we select,

for the sake of this test, that listed as the bottom value. With this choice, the "global best fit" correctly reproduces (within stated uncertainties) 13 out of 18 cases; the "regional  $\beta_2/\beta_{2(sp)}$  fit" does the same for 12 out of 18 cases; and the "local Ross and Bhaduri" systematics (available only for a restricted number of cases) for 4 out of 9 cases. Given the current status of these measurements, this level of agreement is about what we would expect.

The intrinsic electric quadrupole moment  $Q_0$  (in units of b) is related to B(E2) (in  $e^2b^2$ ) via the expression

$$Q_0 = \left[\frac{16\pi}{5} \frac{B(E2)\uparrow}{e^2}\right]^{1/2}.$$
 (16)

The equilibrium (static)  $Q_2$  values listed by Möller and Nix<sup>11</sup> can be employed in place of  $Q_0$  in Eq. (16) to generate a global set of B(E2) predictions. The resulting values are given in Table I under the "global calculation" column and compared with the experimental values in Fig. I.10. The error bars shown there reflect only the uncertainties in the latter values.

Equation (16) is valid only when  $Q_0$  is large; for near-spherical nuclei,  $B(E2)\uparrow$  depends on the amplitude of the quadrupole vibrations and not on  $Q_0$ . Therefore, the large number of near-zero ratios in Fig. I.10 is more an indication that the corresponding nuclei have nearspherical shapes in the calculations than of genuine discrepancies. Disregarding these near-zero ratios, the Möller and Nix<sup>11</sup> calculations still underpredict most of the measured  $B(E2)\uparrow$  values, but a portion of this discrepancy can be attributed to the use of the static  $Q_2$  values in Eq. (16).

#### Using the Predictions

The obvious use of the current predictions is in checking the validity of a measurement. For a desired nucleus, the expected trends are best visualized with the help of figures such as those shown in Figs. II.1–II.3 for selected nuclei. We emphasize again that the global, local, and regional systematics have been developed from entirely different perspectives, and yet they predict very similar overall trends. These trends, in turn, are more important than the predicted absolute values themselves. Therefore, when a putative value is at variance with all three types of systematics, as is the case with the B(E2) value for  $^{172}$ W shown in Fig. II.3, the measurement needs to be checked again.

In the graphs (see Fig. III) following Table I, instead of all nine types of predictions as in Figs. II.1–II.3 we show a subset of three predictions, one each from the global, local, and regional systematics, for all even–even nuclei (totaling 457) for which the energies of the first  $2^+$ states have been reported. These figures reveal at a glance

#### TABLE E

#### Measured B(E2) Values Reported after the Publication of Ref. 1 and Comparison with Current Predictions

			Predicted $B(E2)\uparrow(e^2b^2)$			
Nucleus <sup>a</sup>	E (level) (keV)	Global Best Fit <sup>b</sup>	Local Ross and Bhaduri <sup>c</sup>	Regional $\beta_2/\beta_{2(sp)}$ Fit <sup>d</sup>	Measured $B(E2)\uparrow(e^2b^2)$	Ref. <sup><i>h</i></sup>
<sup>70</sup> Se	945.4	$0.214 \pm 0.031$	0.129 ± 0.024	0.317 ± 0.026	$\begin{cases} 0.34 \pm 0.08 \\ 0.36 \pm 0.07 \end{cases}$	Ref. 1 86He17
<sup>72</sup> Se	862.0	$0.230 \pm 0.032$	$0.36 \pm 0.07$	0.421 ± 0.037	$ \begin{cases} 0.175 \pm 0.020 \\ 0.238 \pm 0.020 \end{cases} $	Ref. 1 86He17
<sup>78</sup> Se	613.8	$0.306 \pm 0.036$	0.330 ± 0.025	0.276 ± 0.022	$\begin{cases} 0.335 \pm 0.009 \\ 0.39 \pm 0.07 \end{cases}$	Ref. 1 87Sc07
<sup>98</sup> Sr	144.2	1.39 ± 0.25	$0.85 \pm 0.020$	1.01 ± 0.10	$\begin{cases} 0.97 \pm 0.11 \\ 1.31 \pm 0.06 \end{cases}$	Ref. 1 87Oh05
114 <b>P</b> d	332.9	$0.79 \pm 0.08$	$0.64 \pm 0.14$	0.67 ± 0.05	$\begin{cases} 0.34 \pm 0.10 \\ 0.19 \pm 0.04 \end{cases}$	Ref. 1 86Ma22
<sup>138</sup> Xe	589.0	$0.54 \pm 0.10$		0.29 ± 0.06	(0.024 ± 0.004) <sup>e</sup> ≽0.024	<b>Ref.</b> 1 86Ma22
<sup>142</sup> Ba	359.5	$0.94 \pm 0.13$		0.63 ± 0.09	$\begin{bmatrix} 0.68 & \pm 0.06 \\ 0.76 & \pm 0.06 \end{bmatrix}$	Ref. 1 86Ma22
144Ba	199.3	$1.67 \pm 0.18$	$1.02 \pm 0.18$	0.94 ± 0.10	$\begin{cases} 1.04 \pm 0.06 \\ 0.75 \pm 0.31 \end{cases}$	Ref. 1 86Ma22
<sup>132</sup> Nd	213.0	1.91 ± 0.20		$2.3 \pm 1.0$	$\begin{cases} 2.54 \pm 0.24 \\ 2.30 \pm 0.21 \end{cases}$	86Ma39 87Wa02
<sup>134</sup> Nd	294.2	1.37 ± 0.14		$1.9 \pm 0.8$	$ \begin{bmatrix} 1.91 & \pm 0.13 \\ 1.17 & \pm 0.10 \end{bmatrix} $	87Bi13 87Wa02
<sup>136</sup> Nd	373.5	$1.07 \pm 0.14$		$1.5 \pm 0.6$	>0.50	87 <b>B</b> i13
<sup>134</sup> Sm	163.0	$2.64 \pm 0.31$		$2.7 \pm 1.4$	$4.1 \pm 0.4$	87Wa02
<sup>136</sup> Sm	256.0	1.66 ± 0.17		2.3 ± 1.0	$\begin{cases} 1.82 \pm 0.16 \\ 1.82 \pm 0.16 \end{cases}$	86Ma39 87Wa02
<sup>138</sup> Sm	346.7	1.21 ± 0.15		$1.8 \pm 0.8$	$\begin{cases} 1.64 \pm 0.34 \\ 1.21 \pm 0.27 \end{cases}$	Ref. 1 86Ma39
<sup>172</sup> W	122.9	$4.2 \pm 0.5$	$4.3 \pm 1.0$	3.99 ± 0.36	$\begin{cases} (5.91 \pm 0.48)^{f} \\ (4.37 \pm 0.24)^{g} \end{cases}$	86Ra07 80Mi16
<sup>174</sup> W	113.0	$4.5 \pm 0.6$	$4.9 \pm 1.3$	4.44 ± 0.39	3.94 ± 0.25	87Ga14
<sup>174</sup> Os	158.5	$3.4 \pm 0.4$		$3.16 \pm 0.27$	$4.6 \pm 0.6$	87Ga12
<sup>184</sup> Pt	163.0	$3.35 \pm 0.42$	5.1 ± 0.5	$2.87 \pm 0.26$	$\begin{cases} 3.95 \pm 0.14 \\ 3.52 \pm 0.14 \end{cases}$	Ref. 1 86Ga21

<sup>a</sup> For nuclei marked bold, measured B(E2) values have appeared in the literature for the first time.

<sup>b</sup> Uncertainties quoted in the "Best Fit" column of Table I have been multiplied by 1.4.

' Values from the "Ross and Bhaduri" column of Table I.

<sup>d</sup> Uncertainties quoted in the " $\beta_2/\beta_{2(sp)}$  Fit" column of Table I have been multiplied by 1.7.

<sup>e</sup> This value, reported earlier by the first author of 86Ma22, has now been withdrawn.

<sup>f</sup>Reference 1 lists B(E2) = 5.85 ± 0.48  $e^2b^2$  for <sup>172</sup>W reported earlier by the same authors.

<sup>8</sup> Indirect value (therefore not included in Ref. 1) deduced from the  $4^+ \rightarrow 2^+$  lifetime and the rotational model. Included here to bring out the discrepancy with the directly measured value of 86Ra07.

<sup>h</sup> See references for Table E following the references for the text.



Figure A. Linear correlation coefficients for selected elements between paired B(E2)↑ values from the "Measured Value" and "Global Systematics—Best Fit" columns of Table I. Along the abscissa, 0 denotes that all isotopes are considered; 1 that the first isotope (that is, the lightest isotope) is omitted; 2 that the second isotope is omitted; and so on.

those nuclei with  $B(E2)\uparrow$  values that fail to follow the expected systematic trend and hence warrant remeasurements.

To test for consistency with the current systematics, we also recommend the calculation of the linear correlation coefficients,  $\rho$ , such as those shown in Fig. A between paired samples of "measured value" and "global best fit." Consider, for example, the plot for chromium. Table I shows that measured B(E2) values exist for <sup>48</sup>Cr, <sup>50</sup>Cr, <sup>52</sup>Cr, and <sup>54</sup>Cr. If all four measured values are conS. RAMAN et al. Predictions of  $B(E2; 0_1^+ \rightarrow 2_1^+)$  Values

TABLE	F
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B(E2) Values for Selected Nuclei Emitted during the Cold Fragmentation of <sup>233</sup>U Induced by Slow Neutrons

	<b>F</b> (1 - 1)				
Nucleus	(keV)	Global Best Fit <sup>4</sup>	Regional $\beta_2/\beta_{2(sp)}$ Fit <sup>b</sup>	Möller and Nix <sup>c</sup>	Measured $B(E2)\uparrow(e^2b^2)$
<sup>80</sup> Ge	659.4	$0.25 \pm 0.03$	$0.12 \pm 0.02$	0.049	
<sup>154</sup> Nd	66.6 <sup>d</sup>	5.5 $\pm 1.1$	$3.29 \pm 0.30$	3.46	
<sup>82</sup> Ge	1348.1	$0.12 \pm 0.03$	$0.09 \pm 0.03$	0.004	
<sup>152</sup> Nd	72.6	$5.1 \pm 1.0$	$2.74 \pm 0.24$	3.35	$2.6 \pm 0.7$
<sup>84</sup> Se	1455.1	$0.12 \pm 0.03$	$0.09 \pm 0.02$	0.009	
<sup>150</sup> Ce	97.1	$3.6 \pm 0.6$	$2.18 \pm 0.19$	2.49	$3.1 \pm 0.6$
<sup>86</sup> Kr	1564.6	$0.13 \pm 0.03$	$0.09 \pm 0.03$	0.004	$0.122 \pm 0.010$
<sup>148</sup> Ba	142.5	$2.30 \pm 0.28$	$1.62 \pm 0.15$	2.01	
<sup>88</sup> Kr	775.3	$0.25 \pm 0.04$	$0.22 \pm 0.03$	0.004	
146Ba	180.8	$1.83 \pm 0.20$	$1.27 \pm 0.12$	1.29	$1.35 \pm 0.10$
<sup>90</sup> Kr	707.1	$0.27 \pm 0.04$	$0.32 \pm 0.03$	0.12	
144Ba	199.3	$1.67 \pm 0.18$	$0.94 \pm 0.10$	0.725	$1.04\pm0.06$
<sup>92</sup> Sr	814.7	$0.26 \pm 0.04$	$0.38 \pm 0.03$	0.064	
<sup>142</sup> Xe	205.0	$1.53 \pm 0.17$	$0.63 \pm 0.09$	0.53	
<sup>94</sup> Sr	836.9	$0.25 \pm 0.04$	$0.55 \pm 0.04$	0.48	
<sup>140</sup> Xe	376.8	$0.84 \pm 0.11$	$0.45 \pm 0.07$	0.143	$0.323 \pm 0.014$
<sup>96</sup> Sr	815.5	$0.25 \pm 0.04$	$0.76 \pm 0.06$	1.02	
<sup>138</sup> Xe	589.0	$0.54 \pm 0.10$	$0.29 \pm 0.06$	0.004	
<sup>98</sup> Zr	1222.8	$0.18 \pm 0.04$	$0.78 \pm 0.07$	1.08	
<sup>136</sup> Te	554.8 <sup>d</sup>	$0.54 \pm 0.11$	$0.22 \pm 0.03$	<0.001	
<sup>100</sup> Zr	212.7	$1.03 \pm 0.13$	$1.04 \pm 0.10$	1.36	$0.90 \pm 0.11$
<sup>134</sup> Te	1279.1	$0.24 \pm 0.07$	$0.23 \pm 0.03$	<0.001	0.20 ± 0.11
<sup>102</sup> Mo	296.6	$0.80 \pm 0.08$	$0.83 \pm 0.07$	1 22	$1.06 \pm 0.12$
<sup>132</sup> Sn	4040.6	$0.07 \pm 0.03$	$0.24 \pm 0.05$	<0.001	1.00 - 0.12
<sup>104</sup> Mo	192.3	$1.22 \pm 0.17$	$1.04 \pm 0.10$	1.44	$1.08 \pm 0.08$
<sup>130</sup> Sn	1221.2	$0.23 \pm 0.06$	$0.24 \pm 0.05$	<0.001	
<sup>106</sup> Mo	171.7	$1.35 \pm 0.20$	$1.29 \pm 0.14$	1.51	$1.30 \pm 0.07$
<sup>128</sup> Sn	1168.8	$0.25 \pm 0.07$	$0.23\pm0.05$	<0.001	
<sup>108</sup> Mo	172.1	$1.33 \pm 0.18$	$1.57 \pm 0.17$	1.36	$1.34 \pm 0.31$
<sup>126</sup> Sn	1141.2	$0.26 \pm 0.07$	$0.23\pm0.05$	<0.001	

" Uncertainties quoted in the "Best Fit" column of Table I have been multiplied by 1.4.

<sup>b</sup> Uncertainties quoted in the " $\beta_2/\beta_{2(sp)}$  Fit" column of Table I have been multiplied by 1.7.

<sup>c</sup> Values from the Möller and Nix column of Table I.

<sup>d</sup> Value deduced using Eq. (8).

sidered,  $\rho = 0.92$ . The value of  $\rho$  changes only slightly to 0.96, 0.92, 0.99, and 0.97 when the data for <sup>48</sup>Cr, <sup>50</sup>Cr, <sup>52</sup>Cr, and <sup>54</sup>Cr are omitted sequentially during calculation of  $\rho$  for the remaining three data sets. The correlation between the measured values and predictions is very strong even though the absolute "global best fit" predictions for Cr isotopes are  $\approx 45\%$  larger than the measured values. Figure A shows that the correlation is similarly very strong for two other examples (Zr and Yb) shown

there. In the cases of Xe and Ba, the  $\rho$  values are in the range 0.7 to 0.9, suggesting that while the correlation is strong, two or more measured values are inconsistent with the specified predictions. The  $\rho$  values for Se and W remain, on the other hand, in the range 0.2 to 0.6 (indicating only weak correlation) until one particular measurement (<sup>70</sup>Se in the case of Se and <sup>172</sup>W in the case of W) is excluded. The high  $\rho$  value for the remaining data sets (six each for Se and W) suggests that the <sup>70</sup>Se and <sup>172</sup>W cases

need to be remeasured. Finally, the near absence of correlation in the case of Pd possibly reflects difficulties in obtaining reliable B(E2) values for the heavier isotopes that lie far off the stability line (see the summary figure for Pd).

In many theoretical calculations, the current compilation should be useful for providing reasonable estimates of the B(E2) values [or, equivalently, the deformation parameters  $\beta_2$  via Eq. (9) for  $A \ge 56$  nuclei or the intrinsic electric quadrupole moments  $Q_0$  via Eq. (16) for strongly deformed nuclei] in the absence of reliable measured values. We cite just one example. Cold fragmentation is a rare fission process in which the nuclei resulting from fission are produced directly in their ground states. Consequently, neither neutrons nor  $\gamma$  rays are emitted and the entire released energy appears as the kinetic energy of the fragments. This energy should equal the Coulomb energy of the scission configuration of the fragments. The Coulomb energy, in turn, depends sensitively on the deformations of the two fragment nuclei in their ground states. Hence a knowledge of these deformations is essential for the quantitative understanding of the energetics of the cold fragmentation process. In the past, the Möller and Nix<sup>11</sup> values usually fulfilled this role.

In Table F, we list some of the nuclei expected to be emitted during the cold fragmentation of <sup>233</sup>U induced by slow neutrons.<sup>12</sup> For the application at hand, consider our predictions based on the "regional  $\beta_2/\beta_{2(sp)}$  fit." These values are in reasonable agreement with both the measured values (that exist only for 11 out of 30 nuclei listed in Table F) and the Möller and Nix<sup>11</sup> values—the latter, however, only when  $B(E2)\uparrow > 0.5$ . Based as they are on empirical fits to the data, our " $\beta_2/\beta_{2(sp)}$  fit" predictions are expected to work equally well for nuclei possessing both large and small deformations.

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#### **EXPLANATION OF FIGURES**

#### FIGURE I.1. Test of Eq. (2)

The calculated  $B(E2)\uparrow$  values are from the "Bohr and Mottelson" column and the experimental  $B(E2)\uparrow$  values from the "Measured Value" column, both from Table I.

#### FIGURE I.2. Test of Eq. (3)

The calculated  $B(E2)\uparrow$  values are from the "Grodzins" column and the experimental  $B(E2)\uparrow$  values from the "Measured Value" column, both from Table I.

#### FIGURE I.3. Test of Eq. (4)

The calculated B(E2) values are from the "Best Fit" column and the experimental B(E2) values from the "Measured Value" column, both from Table I.

#### FIGURE I.4. Test of Eq. (5)

The calculated B(E2) values are from the "Ross and Bhaduri" column and the experimental values from the "Measured Value" column, both from Table I.

### FIGURE I.5. Test of Eq. (7)

The calculated B(E2) values are from the "Patnaik et al." column and the experimental B(E2) values from the "Measured Value" column, both from Table I.

#### FIGURE I.6. Test of Eqs. (11) and (12)

The calculated B(E2) values are from the " $\beta_2/\beta_{2(sp)}$  Fit" column and the experimental B(E2) values from the "Measured Value" column, both from Table I.

#### FIGURE I.7. Test of Eq. (13)

The calculated  $B(E2)\uparrow$  values are from the "IBA SU(3)" column and the experimental  $B(E2)\uparrow$  values from the "Measured Value" column, both from Table I.

### FIGURE I.8. Test of Eq. (14)

The calculated  $B(E2)\uparrow$  values are from the "Stretched sp. "SU(3)"" column and the experimental  $B(E2)\uparrow$  values from the "Measured Value" column, both from Table I.

#### FIGURE I.9. Test of Eq. (15)

The calculated B(E2) values are from the "Single-*j* Simulation" column and the experimental B(E2) values from the "Measured Value" column, both from Table I.

In Figs. I.1–I.9, the error bars reflect the quoted uncertainties (combined quadratically) in both the calculated and experimental B(E2) values.

### **EXPLANATION OF FIGURES continued**

#### FIGURE I.10. Test of the Global Calculations of Ref. 11

The calculated  $B(E2)\uparrow$  values are from the "Möller and Nix" column and the experimental  $B(E2)\uparrow$  values from the "Measured Value" column, both from Table I.

In Fig. I.10, the error bars reflect only the quoted uncertainties in the experimental  $B(E2)\uparrow$  values.

In Figs. I.1–I.10, filled squares denote ratios that fall in the range 0.9 to 1.1; filled circles those in the ranges 0.7 to 0.9 and 1.1 to 1.3; open triangles those in the ranges 0.4 to 0.7 and 1.3 to 1.6; and open diamonds those in the ranges <0.4 and >1.6. Also, if the ratios and their error bars extend beyond 3.0 or 0.0, they are suppressed in these figures.

#### FIGURE II.1. Comparison between Predicted and Experimental B(E2) Values for Krypton and Ruthenium Isotopes

FIGURE II.2. Comparison between Predicted and Experimental B(E2)↑ Values for Cerium and Erbium Isotopes

#### FIGURE II.3. Comparison between Predicted and Experimental B(E2) Values for Tungsten and Thorium Isotopes

In Figs. II.1–II.3, the curves connecting the predicted points have been smoothed by the method of rational splines (cubic splines with tension). The backbending in the case of the "Local RB" curve in Ru (see Fig. II.1) is an artifact caused by this smoothing. Except for abbreviating Grodzins (G), Bohr and Mottelson (BM), Ross and Bhaduri (RB), and Patnaik et al. (PPS), the labels represent the headings and the curves the corresponding predicted values given in Table I. The experimental values are from the "Measured Value" column of the same table.

#### FIGURE III. Summary Graphs of B(E2) Predictions for Helium to Fermium Isotopes

The summary graphs following Table I show the predicted B(E2) values for all even-even nuclei for which the energies of the first 2<sup>+</sup> states are known. The curves connecting the predicted points have been smoothed by the method of rational splines (cubic splines with tension). In a few cases (see, for example, the "GLOBAL BEST FIT" curve for Sr) this smoothing procedure results in artificial backbends. Except for abbreviating Ross and Bhaduri (RB) and Patnaik et al. (PPS), the labels represent the headings and the curves the corresponding predicted values given in Table I. The shaded bands denote the uncertainties in the predictions. Also shown are the measured B(E2) values and their uncertainties from Table I.

### **EXPLANATION OF TABLE**

# TABLE I. Predicted Values of B(E2) in Units of $(e^2b^2)$

Throughout this table, italicized numbers refer to the uncertainties in the last digits of the quoted values.

Nucleus	The even $Z$ , even $N$ nucleus studied
E (level)	Energy of the first $2^+$ state in keV from Ref. 1
Measured Value	Measured $B(E2)$ <sup>†</sup> value from Ref. 1. We have, however, omitted the values for <sup>52</sup> Ti, <sup>56</sup> Ni, and <sup>146</sup> Sm because they are only lower limits and those for <sup>96</sup> Zr and <sup>152</sup> Dy because they carry large ( $\geq$ 44%) uncertainties.
Global	Predicted $B(E2)$ value from
Systematics	Bohr and Mottelson—see Eqs. (2) and (1)
	Grodzins—see Eqs. (3) and (1)
	Best Fit—see Eqs. (4) and (1)
Local	Predicted $B(E2)$ value from
Systematics	Ross and Bhaduri-see Eqs. (5) and (6)
	Patnaik et al.—see Eq. (7)
	Prior to using these values, we recommend a reeval- uation to take into account any additions or revisions in the $B(E2)$ values in the relevant locality.
Regional	Predicted $B(E2)$ value from
Systematics	$\beta_2/\beta_{2(sp)}$ Fit—see Eqs. (11) and (12), and then Eqs. (9)
	$\frac{10}{10} \frac{10}{10} = \frac{12}{10}$
	IBA $SU(3)$ —see Eq. (13) Stratched sp. "SU(3)" see Eq. (14)
	Sincle i Simulation see Eq. $(15)$
Clobal	Single-7 Simulation—see Eq. (15) Q values of Möller and Nix (P of 11) converted to $P(F2)$
Giobal	$Q_2$ values of information into the matrix (Ker. 11) converted to $B(E2)^{\uparrow}$
Calculation	values via Eq. (10). A blank means $D(E2)\uparrow < 0.001$ .

FIGURE I.1. Test of Eq. (2) See page 13 for Explanation of Figures



# **Global Bohr and Mottelson**

FIGURE I.2. Test of Eq. (3) See page 13 for Explanation of Figures

**Global Grodzins**  $B(E2)\uparrow$  (calculation)/ $B(E2)\uparrow$  (experiment) 3.0 2.5 2.0 1.5 1.0 0.5 0.0 0 40 120 80 160 200 240

MASS NUMBER

FIGURE I.3. Test of Eq. (4) See page 13 for Explanation of Figures



**Global Best Fit** 

FIGURE I.4. Test of Eq. (5) See page 13 for Explanation of Figures



# Local Ross and Bhaduri

FIGURE I.5. Test of Eq. (7) See page 13 for Explanation of Figures



240

200

120

MASS NUMBER

160

0.5

0.0

0

40

80

FIGURE I.7. Test of Eq. (13) See page 13 for Explanation of Figures



FIGURE I.8. Test of Eq. (14) See page 13 for Explanation of Figures



120

MASS NUMBER

19

0.0 0

40

80

240

200

160

FIGURE I.9. Test of Eq. (15) See page 13 for Explanation of Figures



# Regional Single-j Simulation



# $B(E2)\uparrow$ (calculation)/ $B(E2)\uparrow$ (experiment) 3.0 2.5 2.0 1.5 1.0 Īī ł 0.5 0.0 120 160 200 240 0 40 80 MASS NUMBER

# **Global Möller and Nix Calculation**



FIGURE II.1. Comparison between Predicted and Experimental B(E2)<sup>↑</sup> Values for Krypton and Ruthenium Isotopes See page 13 for Explanation of Figures



### FIGURE II.2. Comparison between Predicted and Experimental B(E2)↑ Values for Cerium and Erbium Isotopes See page 13 for Explanation of Figures



### FIGURE II.3. Comparison between Predicted and Experimental B(E2)↑ Values for Tungsten and Thorium Isotopes See page 13 for Explanation of Figures

Nucleus	E(level) (keV)	Measured Value	Globa Bohrand Mottelson	l Syste Grodzins	matics BestFit	Local Ross and Bhaduri	Systematics Patnaik <i>et al</i> .
<sup>6</sup> He	1797. <i>25</i>		0.00084 <i>34</i>	0.0055 18	0.0021 8		
<sup>8</sup> He	2600. <i>200</i>		0.00053 22	0.0029 10	0.00120 <i>39</i>		
<sup>6</sup> Be	1670. <i>50</i>		0.0036 15	0.024 8	0.0091 <i>36</i>		
*Be	3040. <i>30</i>		0.0018 7	0.0098 <i>32</i>	0.0041 13	0.0065 16	0.0073 13
<sup>10</sup> Be	3368.0 2	0.0052 6	0.0015 6	0.0071 24	0.0032 9		
<sup>10</sup> C	3352.7 15	0.0062 10	0.0034 14	0.016 5	0.0072 20		
<sup>12</sup> C	4438.9 3	0.0041 5	0.0024 10	0.0101 33	0.0048 12		
"C	7012. 5	0.00187 25	0.0015 6	0.0055 18	0.0027 6		
1°C	1766. 10		0.0056 23	0.019 6	0.0098 23		
<i>ч</i> С	1620. <i>20</i>		0.0058 24	0.018 6	0.0099 22		
<sup>14</sup> O	6590. 10		0.0028 11	0.0103 34	0.0052 12		
<sup>16</sup> O	6917.1 <i>6</i>	0.0040 <i>4</i>	0.0025 10	0.0086 29	0.0045 10	0.00127 17	
<sup>18</sup> O	1982.2 <i>3</i>	0.00451 20	0.0085 <i>35</i>	0.027 9	0.0144 30	0.0044 6	0.0126 18
<sup>20</sup> O	1673.68 15	0.0028 2	0.0097 <i>40</i>	0.028 9	0.0159 <i>32</i>	0.0047 5	
<sup>18</sup> Ne	1887.3 <i>2</i>	0.0266 25	0.014 <i>6</i>	0.044 15	0.024 5		0.0335 47
<sup>20</sup> Ne	1633.67 <i>2</i>	0.034 <i>3</i>	0.016 <i>6</i>	0.046 15	0.025 5	0.0089 25	0.021 5
<sup>22</sup> Ne	1274.5 <i>1</i>	0.023 1	0.019 8	0.053 18	0.030 ó	0.0143 <i>49</i>	0.035 12
<sup>24</sup> Ne	1980.8 <i>10</i>	0.014 6	0.0120 49	0.031 10	0.0185 32	0.0143 10	0.0103 7
<sup>22</sup> Mg	1246.0 5	0.032 12	0.028 12	0.078 26	0.045 9	1.00 10	0.054 Ó
<sup>24</sup> Mg	1368.6 <i>1</i>	0.0432 12	0.025 10	0.065 22	0.038 7	0.030 10	0.031 11
<sup>20</sup> Mg	1808.7 1	0.0305 13	0.018 8	0.046 15	0.0275 46	0.031 8	0.040 11
<sup>30</sup> Mg	14/2.5 0	0.034 5	0.022 9	0.052 17	0.032 5	0.0313 23	0.0194 14
<sup>32</sup> Mg	885.8 7		0.022 9	0.048 76	0.0304 47	0.038 10	0.040 7
265;	1705 0 2	0.0352 34	0.025 10	0.062.21	0.038 6	0.0247 22	0.045228
<sup>28</sup> Si	1778 9 1	0.0326 12	0.025 10	0.059 20	0.036 6	0.0347 22	0.0433 20
<sup>30</sup> Si	2235.5 3	0.0215 10	0.019 8	0.044 14	0.0275 43	0.0301 42	0.034 6
<sup>32</sup> Si	1941.4 <i>3</i>	0.028 5	0.022 9	0.047 16	0.0303 45	0.0184 16	0.0127 11
<sup>30</sup> S	2210.7 5	0.032 4	0.026 10	0.058 19	0.036 <i>6</i>	0.0397 29	0.0411 <i>30</i>
<sup>32</sup> S	2230.2 <i>2</i>	0.0300 13	0.025 10	0.053 18	0.034 5	0.0194 <i>36</i>	0.0156 29
<sup>34</sup> S	2127.4 2	0.0212 12	0.026 10	0.053 18	0.035 5	0.042 10	0.036 8
<sup>36</sup> S	3291.0 6	0.0096 <i>26</i>	0.016 7	0.032 11	0.0215 37	0.0071 11	0.00010 2
<sup>38</sup> S	1296.2 4		0.040 16	0.077 26	0.053 7	0.046 26	0.0297 48
<sup>34</sup> Ar	2090.0 7	0.024 4	0.033 13	0.068 23	0.045 7	0.062 8	0.043 <i>6</i>
<sup>3®</sup> Ar	1970.39 5	0.034 4	0.034 14	0.068 23	0.046 6	0.022 7	0.040 14
-**Ar 40	2167.60 5	0.0129 10	0.031 12	0.059 20	0.040 6	0.015 5	0.0115 30
42 A L	1400.81 4	0.0330 39	0.045 18	0.083 27	0.05/ /	0.033 7	0.041 9
Aſ	1200.2 3	0.042 10	0.033 22	0.093 34	U.UO/ð	0.033 3	0.038 3
<sup>38</sup> Ca	2213. <i>2</i>	0.078 <i>34</i>	0.037 15	0.071 <i>24</i>	0.048 7	0.077 <i>17</i>	0.031 7
<sup>40</sup> Ca	3904.4 2	0.0096 16	0.021 8	0.038 13	0.0263 50	0.0117 42	0.047 17
*'Ca	1524.2 5	0.042 3	0.052 21	0.093 <i>31</i>	0.065 8	0.030 9	0.027 7

		Regional Systematics Globa						
Nucleus	E(level) (keV)	Measured Value	$\beta_2/\beta_{2(sp)}$ Fit	IBA SU(3)	Stretched sp. "SU(3)"	Single-j Simulation	Calculation Möller and Nix	
<sup>6</sup> He <sup>8</sup> He	1797. 25 2600 200							
110	2000. 200							
<sup>6</sup> Be	1670. <i>50</i>							
<sup>8</sup> Be	3040. <i>30</i>							
<sup>10</sup> Be	3368.0 2	0.0052 6						
<sup>10</sup> C	3352.7 15	0.0062 10						
<sup>12</sup> C	4438.9 3	0.0041 5						
<sup>14</sup> C	7012. 5	0.00187 25						
<sup>16</sup> C	1 <b>766</b> . 10							
<sup>18</sup> C	1620. <i>20</i>							
<sup>14</sup> O	6590. 10							
<sup>16</sup> O	6917.1 6	0.0040 4						
<sup>18</sup> O	1982.2 3	0.00451 20						
<sup>20</sup> O	1673.68 15	0.0028 2						
<sup>18</sup> Ne	1887.3 2	0.0266 25						
<sup>20</sup> Ne	1633.67 2	0.034 3			,		0.020	
<sup>22</sup> Ne	1274.5 I	0.023 1					0.014	
<sup>24</sup> Ne	1980.8 10	0.014 6					0.0017	
<sup>22</sup> Mg	1246.0 5	0.032 12					0.024	
<sup>24</sup> Mg	1368.6 1	0.0432 12					0.025	
<sup>26</sup> Mg	1808.7 <i>1</i>	0.0305 13					0.010	
<sup>28</sup> Mg	1472.5 6	0.034 5					0.0053	
<sup>30</sup> Mg	1482.8 5							
<sup>32</sup> Mg	885.8 7						0.029	
<sup>26</sup> Si	1795.9 2	0.0352 <i>34</i>					0.022	
<sup>28</sup> Si	1778.9 <i>1</i>	0.0326 12					0.024	
<sup>30</sup> Si	2235.5 <i>3</i>	0.0215 10					0.0062	
<sup>32</sup> Si	1941.4 <i>3</i>	0.028 5						
<sup>30</sup> S	2210.7 5	0.032 4					0.017	
<sup>32</sup> S	2230.2 2	0.0300 13					0.0073	
<sup>34</sup> S	2127.4 2	0.0212 12						
<sup>36</sup> S	3291.0 б	0.0096 <i>26</i>						
38S	1296.2 4						0.0096	
<sup>34</sup> Ar	2090.0 7	0.024 4					0.012	
<sup>36</sup> Ar	1970.39 5	0.034 4					0.0044	
<sup>38</sup> Ar	2167.60 5	0.0129 10					0.0014	
<sup>40</sup> Ar	1460.81 4	0.0330 <i>39</i>						
*2Ar	1208.2 <i>3</i>	0.042 10					0.0014	
<sup>38</sup> Ca	2213. 2	0.078 <i>34</i>						
<sup>40</sup> Ca	3904.4 <i>2</i>	0.0096 16						
<sup>42</sup> Ca	1524.2 5	0.042 <i>3</i>						

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Nucleus	<i>E</i> (level) (keV)	Measured Value	Glob Bohr and Mottelson	al Syste Grodzins	matics BestFit	Local Ross and Bhaduri	Systematics Patnaik <i>et al</i> .
				_ <u></u>			
44Ca	1156.95 <i>10</i>	0.047 2	0.067 28	0.117 <i>39</i>	0.083 10	0.039 9	0.056 13
46Ca	1346.0 3	0.0181 13	0.057 23	0.096 32	0.069 8	0.034 9	0.038 10
48Ca	3831.7 /	0.0084 28	0.020 8	0.032 11	0.0237 47	0.0053 9	
50Ca	1026. 6		0.073 30	0.116 39	0.086 9		
<sup>52</sup> Ca	2563. 1		0.029 12	0.045 15	0.034 6		
<sup>42</sup> Ti	1555. 2	0.080 23	0.062 25	0.110 <i>37</i>	0.077 10	0.024 8	0.029 9
44Ti	1083.18 <i>10</i>	0.061 15	0.087 <i>36</i>	0.15 5	0.108 13	0.102 10	0.101 25
<sup>46</sup> Ti	889.2 <i>1</i>	0.095 5	0.104 <i>43</i>	0.18 <i>6</i>	0.127 15	0.074 16	0.088 16
<sup>48</sup> Ti	983.4 <i>2</i>	0.072 4	0.093 <i>38</i>	0.15 5	0.112 13	0.039 9	0.061 14
<sup>50</sup> Ti	1553.7 2	0.029 4	0.058 24	0.093 <i>31</i>	0.069 <i>9</i>	0.076 19	0.046 12
<sup>52</sup> Ti	1047.1 3		0.085 <i>35</i>	0.132 44	0.099 11	0.0376 47	0.050 ó
<sup>48</sup> Cr	752.3 2	0.133 20	0.14 <i>6</i>	0.24 8	0.174 20	0.139 <i>13</i>	0.131 12
<sup>50</sup> Cr	783.3 <i>2</i>	0.108 <i>6</i>	0.14 <i>6</i>	0.22 7	0.162 18	0.173 28	0.110 18
<sup>52</sup> Cr	1434.06 3	0.066 <i>3</i>	0.074 <i>30</i>	0.115 <i>38</i>	0.086 11	0.042 6	0.058 8
<sup>54</sup> Cr	834.83 <i>3</i>	0.087 4	0.12 5	0.19 6	0.144 15	0.107 11	0.102 10
<sup>56</sup> Cr	1006.5 <i>4</i>		0.103 42	0.15 <i>5</i>	0.117 12	0.083 <i>6</i>	0.109 7
<sup>50</sup> Fe	810. <i>80</i>		0.16 <i>6</i>	0.25 8	0.184 20		
<sup>52</sup> Fe	849.5 7		0.15 <i>6</i>	0.23 8	0.171 18	0.092 9	0.104 8
<sup>54</sup> Fe	1407.7 <i>4</i>	0.062 5	0.087 <i>36</i>	0.132 44	0.100 12	0.080 <i>6</i>	0.077 6
<sup>56</sup> Fe	846.76 <i>2</i>	0.098 4	0.14 <i>6</i>	0.21 7	0.163 16	0.088 7	0.090 7
<sup>58</sup> Fe	810.76 <i>2</i>	0.120 4	<b>0.15</b> 6	0.21 7	0.166 <i>16</i>	0.114 <i>16</i>	0.110 <i>16</i>
<sup>60</sup> Fe	823.6 <i>3</i>	0.093 18	0.14 6	0.20 7	0.160 16	0.1028 <i>48</i>	0.116 5
<sup>62</sup> Fe	876.8 <i>3</i>		0.13 5	0.18 <i>6</i>	0.147 14	0.086 18	0.080 20
<sup>56</sup> Ni	2701. <i>3</i>		0.052 21	0.077 26	0.059 10	0.0398 46	0.034 7
<sup>58</sup> Ni	1454.45 <i>15</i>	0.0695 20	0.096 <i>39</i>	0.138 <i>46</i>	0.107 <i>14</i>	0.0700 <i>39</i>	0.0713 <i>3</i> 9
<sup>60</sup> Ni	1332.52 <i>3</i>	0.0933 15	0.103 42	0.146 48	0.114 14	0.086 12	0.092 12
<sup>62</sup> Ni	1173.05 8	0.0890 25	0.116 48	0.16 5	0.127 <i>14</i>	0.095 15	0.088 14
<sup>64</sup> Ni	1345.9 <i>3</i>	0.076 8	0.100 41	0.136 45	0.108 14	0.076 9	0.080 9
<sup>66</sup> Ni	1422. <i>10</i>		0.094 <i>38</i>	0.124 41	0.100 <i>13</i>	0.069 10	0.065 20
<sup>68</sup> Ni	2200. <i>30</i>		0.060 24	0.078 26	0.064 11		
<sup>60</sup> Zn	1004.2 5		0.16 <i>6</i>	0.22 7	0.174 18	0.096 6	0.099 <i>9</i>
62Zn	953.9 <i>5</i>	0.123 9	0.16 7	0.23 8	0.179 <i>18</i>	0.192 <i>17</i>	0.148 <i>13</i>
<sup>64</sup> Zn	991.52 <i>10</i>	0.144 <i>12</i>	0.16 <i>6</i>	0.21 7	0.169 18	0.108 18	0.119 20
<sup>66</sup> Zn	1039.37 6	0.135 10	0.15 <i>6</i>	0.20 <i>6</i>	0.158 17	0.149 29	0.136 27
<sup>68</sup> Zn	1077.38 <i>5</i>	0.124 15	0.14 6	0.18 <i>6</i>	0.149 <i>17</i>	0.149 20	0.147 20
<sup>70</sup> Zn	884.8 <i>2</i>	0.160 14	0.17 7	0.22 7	0.178 <i>18</i>	0.148 <i>19</i>	0.161 20
<sup>72</sup> Zn	652.4 <i>3</i>		0.23 9	0.28 9	0.237 20	0.218 20	0.247 <i>16</i>
<sup>74</sup> Zn	670. <i>50</i>		0.22 9	0.27 9	0.226 20		
<sup>66</sup> Ge	957.4 3	0.096 18	0.18 7	0.24 8	0.195 20	0.151 27	0.149 27
68Ge	1016.1 <i>1</i>	0.14 2	0.17 7	0.22 7	0.180 19	0.164 35	0.205 44
<sup>70</sup> Ge	1039.6 <i>1</i>	0.176 4	0.16 7	0.21 7	0.172 19	0.120 24	0.102 16
<sup>72</sup> Ge	834.0 1	0.213 6	0.20 8	0.25 8	0.211 20	0.269 30	0.289 33
<sup>74</sup> Ge	595.88 <i>4</i>	0.300 <i>6</i>	0.28 12	0.35 12	0.289 24	0.284 13	0.300 13
<sup>76</sup> Ge	562.92 <i>3</i>	0.268 8	0.30 12	0.36 12	0.301 24	0.287 12	0.215 9

			Re	ics	Global		
Nucleus	E(level) (keV)	Measured Value	β <sub>2</sub> /β <sub>2(ap)</sub> Fit	IBA SU(3)	Stretched sp. "SU(3)"	Single- <i>j</i> Simulation	Calculation Möller and Nix
<sup>44</sup> Ca	1156.95 10	0.047 2					
46Ca	1346.0 <i>3</i>	0.0181 <i>13</i>					
<sup>48</sup> Ca	3831.7 <i>1</i>	0.0084 28					
<sup>50</sup> Ca	1026. 6						
<sup>52</sup> Ca	2563. 1						
<sup>42</sup> Ti	1555. 2	0.080 23					
44Ti	1083.18 <i>10</i>	0.061 15					
<b>46</b> Ti	889.2 <i>1</i>	0.095 <i>5</i>					
<sup>48</sup> Ti	983.4 <i>2</i>	0.072 4					0.0014
<sup>50</sup> Ti	1553.7 <i>2</i>	0.029 <i>4</i>					
<sup>52</sup> Ti	1047.1 3						0.0022
<sup>48</sup> Cr	752.3 2	0.133 20					0.074
<sup>50</sup> Cr	783.3 <i>2</i>	0.108 <i>6</i>					0.028
<sup>52</sup> Cr	1434.06 3	0.066 <i>3</i>					
<sup>54</sup> Cr	834.83 <i>3</i>	0.087 <i>4</i>					0.028
<sup>56</sup> Cr	1006.5 4						0.043
<sup>50</sup> Fe	810. <i>80</i>						0.029
<sup>52</sup> Fe	849.5 7						0.021
<sup>54</sup> Fe	1407.7 <i>4</i>	0.062 5					
<sup>56</sup> Fe	846.76 <i>2</i>	0.098 <i>4</i>					0.027
<sup>58</sup> Fe	810.76 2	0.120 4					0.054
<sup>∞</sup> Fe	823.6 <i>3</i>	0.093 18					0.070
°²Fe	876.8 <i>3</i>						0.049
<sup>56</sup> Ni	2701. 3		0.052 7				
<sup>58</sup> Ni	1454.45 <i>15</i>	0.0695 20	0.055 8				0.0019
<sup>60</sup> Ni	1332.52 3	0.0933 15	0.058 8				0.0073
<sup>62</sup> Ni	1173.05 8	0.0890 25	0.060 8				0.012
••Ni	1345.9 3	0.076 8	0.063 9				0.015
<sup>68</sup> Ni	1422. 10 2200. 30		0.065 9 0.068 9				0.0032
<del>6</del> 0			0.070.0				
<sup>62</sup> Zn	1004.2 5	0.100.0	0.069 8				0.064
<sup>or</sup> Zn	953.9 5	0.123 9	0.085 8				0.099
"Zn	991.52 10	0.144 12	0.103 9				0.099
687 n	1039.37 0	0.135 10	0.125 9				0.081
707-	10//.30 J	0.124 13	0.140 10				0.049
<sup>72</sup> 7n	657 1 3	0.100 14	0.132 10				0.0040
<sup>74</sup> Zn	670. <i>50</i>		0.125 11				0.036
66 Ca	957 4 3	0.096 18	0 159 0	0.14 5	0.23.7	0 145 40	0 1 4 2
68Ge	1016 1	0.090 10	0.137 7	0.14 5	0.23 /	0.143 40	0.143
<sup>70</sup> Ge	1039.6 /	0 176 4	0 264 12	0.20 /	0.24 /	0.10 5	0.145
72Ge	834.0 /	0.213 6	0.274 13	0.27 10	0.25 8	0.22 0	0.120
<sup>74</sup> Ge	595.88 4	0.300 6	0.232 12	0.21 8	0.24 7	0.24 7	0.120
<sup>76</sup> Ge	562.92 3	0.268 8	0.192 11	0.16 6	0.20 6	0.22 6	0.081
							0.001

Nucleus	E(level) (keV)	Measured Value	Glob Bohr and Mottelson	al Syste Grodzins	matics BestFit	Local Ross and Bhaduri	Systematics Patnaik <i>et al.</i>
<sup>78</sup> Ge	619.1 10		0.27 11	0.32 10	0.268 22	0.210 8	0.186 13
<sup>80</sup> Ge <sup>82</sup> Ge	659.4 <i>10</i> 1348.1 <i>2</i>		0.25 <i>10</i> 0.120 <i>49</i>	0.29 <i>10</i> 0.138 <i>46</i>	0.248 <i>22</i> 0.119 <i>18</i>		
70 <sub>Se</sub>	945 4 3	0.34 8	0.20 8	0.26 9	0.214 22	0.129 24	0.139 26
72 <b>Se</b>	862.0.3	0.175 20	0 22 9	0.28 9	0.230 23	0.36 7	0.33 7
<sup>74</sup> Se	634.78 8	0.387 8	0.30 12	0.37 12	0.306 26	0.300 44	0.37 5
<sup>76</sup> Se	559.10 3	0.42 1	0.34 14	0.40 14	0.342 28	0.424 33	0.393 30
<sup>78</sup> Se	613.8 1	0.335 9	0.30 12	0.36 12	0.306 26	0.330 25	0.326 25
<sup>80</sup> Se	666.4 1	0.253 6	0.28 11	0.32 11	0.277 24	0.267 20	0.235 17
<sup>82</sup> Se	654.4 1	0.184 5	0.28 11	0.32 11	0.277 24	0.166 12	0.155 11
<sup>84</sup> Se	1455.1 2	•••••	0.12 5	0.141 47	0.123 19	0.154 22	0.181 13
<sup>86</sup> Se	704. 1		0.26 10	0.28 9	0.249 24		
<sup>74</sup> Kr	455.7 <i>4</i>	0.71 15	0.47 19	0.57 19	0.479 <i>40</i>	0.40 5	0.61 8
<sup>76</sup> Kr	423.8 <i>3</i>	0.82 4	0.50 20	0.60 20	0.505 42	0.89 <i>16</i>	0.77 <i>14</i>
<sup>78</sup> Kr	455.3 <i>3</i>	0.60 5	0.46 19	0.54 18	0.462 37	0.65 7	0.65 7
<sup>80</sup> Kr	616.2 5	0.37 2	0.34 14	0.39 <i>13</i>	0.335 28	0.368 <i>42</i>	0.387 44
<sup>82</sup> Kr	776.49 <i>3</i>	0.223 10	0.26 11	0.30 10	0.262 26	0.229 <i>32</i>	0.230 32
<sup>84</sup> Kr	881.5 <i>1</i>	0.125 6	0.23 9	0.26 9	0.227 25	0.130 <i>21</i>	0.113 18
<sup>86</sup> Kr	1564.6 <i>1</i>	0.122 10	0.13 5	0.143 <i>48</i>	0.126 21	0.102 17	0.111 18
<sup>88</sup> Kr	775.3 2		0.26 11	0.28 9	0.250 26		
90Kr	707.1 <i>3</i>		0.28 12	0.30 10	0.270 26		
<sup>92</sup> Kr	956 <i>.</i> 5		0.21 8	0.22 7	0.196 25		
<sup>78</sup> Sr	278. <i>2</i>	1.07 13	0.84 <i>34</i>	0.99 33	0.84 <i>9</i>	1.56 <i>20</i>	1. <b>06</b> 14
<sup>80</sup> Sr	385.4 <i>3</i>	0.84 <i>7</i>	0.60 24	0.70 <i>23</i>	0.598 <i>49</i>	0.76 <i>10</i>	0.80 11
<sup>82</sup> Sr	573.4 <i>3</i>	0.513 20	0.40 16	0.46 15	0.395 <i>32</i>	0.71 <i>13</i>	0.53 10
<sup>84</sup> Sr	<b>793.1</b> 2	0.28 4	0.29 12	0.32 11	0.281 28	0.162 <i>40</i>	0.20 5
<sup>86</sup> Sr	1076.63 10	0.106 16	0.21 8	0.23 8	0.204 26	0.140 33	0.24 7
<sup>88</sup> Sr	1836.04 <i>4</i>	0.092 5	0.122 50	0.133 44	0.117 22	0.063 19	0.103 18
<sup>90</sup> Sr	831.69 <i>6</i>		0.27 11	0.29 10	0.255 28	0.104 <i>10</i>	0.112 9
92Sr	814.7 <i>1</i>		0.27 11	0.29 10	0.257 29		
<sup>94</sup> Sr	836.87 <i>10</i>		0.26 11	0.27 9	0.246 29		
<sup>%</sup> Sr	815.5 <i>5</i>		0.27 11	0.28 9	0.249 29		
<sup>98</sup> Sr	144.2 <i>2</i>	0.97 11	1.5 6	1.5 5	1.39 18	0.85 20	0.40 10
<sup>100</sup> Sr	129.2 5	1.10 5	1.6 7	1.7 6	1.53 21	1.28 33	1.67 <i>43</i>
<sup>82</sup> Zr	407.0 5		0.62 25	0.71 24	0.616 48	0.62 6	0.76 8
<sup>84</sup> Zr	540.0 5	0.437 24	0.46 19	0.52 17	0.457 36	0.26 6	0.39 9
<sup>86</sup> Zr	751.9 2	0.16 3	0.33 14	0.37 12	0.323 32	0.249 39	0.32 10
<sup>88</sup> Zr	1056.9 5	0.26 9	0.23 10	0.26 8	0.226 30	0.083 20	0.077 14
°Zr	2186.2 4	0.063 5	0.112 46	0.121 40	0.108 22	0.062 17	0.25 9
<sup>24</sup> Zr	934.46 7	0.083 6	0.26 11	0.28 9	U.248 <i>31</i>	0.091 /3	U.ICY 1/
~Zr	918.24 23	0.066 14	0.26 11	0.28 9	U.249 JI	0.091 /	0.131 12
	1750.7 4		U.14 0	0.14/ 4/	U.129 23	0.034 /	0.002 10
	1222.8 2		0.20 8	0.20 /	U.181 29	U.144 19	0.30 10
	212.7 3	0.90 11	1.11 40	1.12 37	1.03 y	1.40 33	1.52 50
1047	131.9 5	1.00 32	1.00	1.3 3	1.46 1/	1.10 20	1 87 24
Zr	140.1 10		1./ /	1.0 3	1.32 19	1.07 40	1.04 J4

Nucleus	E(level) (keV)	Measured Value	R α β <sub>2</sub> /β <sub>2(sp)</sub> Fit	egional IBA SU(3)	Systemat Stretched sp. "SU(3)"	i c s Single- <i>j</i> Simulation	Global Calculation Möller and Nix
<sup>78</sup> Ge	619.1 10		0.154 11	0.112 40	0.17 5	0.173 48	0.081
<sup>80</sup> Ge <sup>82</sup> Ge	659.4 <i>10</i> 1348.1 <i>2</i>		0.119 <i>12</i> 0.087 <i>12</i>				0.049 0.0040
<sup>70</sup> Se	945.4 <i>3</i>	0.34 8	0.317 15	0.30 11	0.37 11	0.27 8	0.224
<sup>72</sup> Se	862.0 <i>3</i>	0.175 20	0.421 22	0.38 14	0.38 12	0.31 9	0.195
<sup>74</sup> Se	634.78 <i>8</i>	0.387 8	0.437 <i>23</i>	0.39 14	0.40 12	0.34 10	0.168
<sup>76</sup> Se	559.10 <i>3</i>	0.42 1	0.354 17	0.32 11	0.37 11	0.34 10	0.168
<sup>78</sup> Se	613.8 1	0.335 9	0.276 13	0.25 9	0.33 10	0.32 9	0.099
<sup>80</sup> Se	666.4 <i>1</i>	0.253 6	0.205 12	0.19 7	0.29 9	0.26 7	0.099
<sup>82</sup> Se	654.4 <i>1</i>	0.184 5	0.143 12				0.081
<sup>84</sup> Se	1455.1 <i>2</i>		0.090 12				0.0090
<sup>86</sup> Se	704. 1		0.190 16				0.049
<sup>74</sup> Kr	455.7 4	0.71 15	0.623 39	0.52 19	0.41 12	0.41 11	0.780
<sup>76</sup> Kr	423.8 <i>3</i>	0.82 <i>4</i>	0.646 <i>40</i>	0.53 19	0.43 13	0.44 12	0.780
<sup>78</sup> Kr	455.3 <i>3</i>	0.60 5	0.506 28	0.45 16	0.40 12	0.44 12	0.168
<sup>80</sup> Kr	616.2 5	0.37 2	0.378 18	0.37 <i>13</i>	0.36 11	0.41 12	0.049
<sup>82</sup> Kr	776.49 <i>3</i>	0.223 10	0.266 13	0.30 11	0.31 10	0.35 10	0.049
<sup>84</sup> Kr	881.5 <i>1</i>	0.125 6	0.170 <i>13</i>				0.025
<sup>86</sup> Kr	1564.6 <i>I</i>	0.122 10	0.093 13				0.0040
<sup>88</sup> Kr	775.3 2		0.216 17				0.025
<sup>90</sup> Kr	707.1 <i>3</i>		0.317 18	0.34 19	0.40 20	0.27 10	0.120
<sup>92</sup> Kr	956. <i>5</i>		0.441 20	0.43 24	0.55 27	0.36 13	0.287
<sup>78</sup> Sr	278. 2	1.07 13	0.90 <i>6</i>	0.70 25	0.43 13	0.52 14	1.02
<sup>80</sup> Sr	385.4 <i>3</i>	0.84 7	0.692 <i>43</i>	0.60 22	0.41 12	0.52 15	1.02
<sup>82</sup> Sr	573.4 <i>3</i>	0.513 20	0.501 26	0.51 <i>18</i>	0.36 11	0.49 14	0.0040
<sup>84</sup> Sr	793.1 2	0.28 4	0.336 16	0.42 15	0.32 10	0.42 12	0.0040
<sup>86</sup> Sr	1076.63 <i>10</i>	0.106 16	0.200 13				0.0040
<sup>88</sup> Sr	1836.04 4	0.092 5	0.096 13				
<sup>90</sup> Sr	831.69 6		0.244 17				0.0090
<sup>92</sup> Sr	814.7 I		0.381 19	0.49 27	0.41 20	0.33 12	0.064
"Sr	836.87 10		0.554 25	0.60 34	0.56 27	0.43 16	0.481
<sup>96</sup> Sr	815.5 5		0.763 38	0.73 41	0.64 31	0.54 20	1.02
<sup>98</sup> Sr	144.2 2	0.97 11	1.01 6	0.87 49	0.71 35	0.65 24	1.22
<sup>100</sup> Sr	129.2 5	1.10 5	1.30 8	1.0 <i>6</i>	0.80 <i>39</i>	0.76 28	1.29
<sup>82</sup> Zr	407.0 5		0.715 45	0.61 22	0.44 13	0.58 16	0.195
**Zr	540.0 5	0.437 24	0.518 27	0.52 18	0.39 12	0.54 15	
°°Zr	751.9 2	0.16 3	0.347 16	0.43 15	0.34 10	0.47 13	
**Zr	1056.9 5	0.26 9	0.206 13				
<sup>w</sup> Zr	2186.2 4	0.063 5	0.099 14				
<sup>22</sup> Zr	934.46 7	0.083 6	0.252 18				
™Zr	918.24 23	0.066 14	0.392 19	0.49 28	0.43 21	0.36 13	0.099
	1750.7 4		0.569 26	0.61 34	0.58 28	0.47 17	0.398
<sup>70</sup> Zr	1222.8 2		0.784 39	0.74 41	0.66 32	0.59 21	1.08
	212.7 3	0.90 11	1.04 6	0.88 49	0.74 36	0.70 26	1.36
10477	131.9 5	1.00 32	1.34 8	1.0 0	U.84 <i>41</i>	0.81 30	1.44
····Zr	140.1 10		1.08 12	1.2 7	U.84 <i>41</i>	0.91 33	1.44

Nucleus	E(level) (keV)	Measured Value	G l o b Bohr and Mottelson	al Syste Grodzins	ematics BestFit	Local Ross and Bhaduri	Systematics Patnaik <i>et al</i> .
	022 2		0.29.12	032 11	0 283 34	n - net	
90Mo	947 9 10		0.25 12	0.31 10	0.274 34	0.33 15	0.29 9
92Mo	1509 47 3	0.097.6	0.18 7	0.19 6	0.169 29	29.6 32	0.183 20
94Mo	871.10.2	0.203 4	0.31 /2	0.32 11	0.289 35	0.179 27	0.178 27
%Mo	778 26 4	0 271 5	034 14	0 35 12	0.319 36	0.203 28	0.229 31
98Mo	787 42 10	0.267 5	0.33 14	034 11	0 311 36	0 295 12	0.373 14
100Mo	535 55 2	0.516 10	0.49 20	0.49 16	0.450 39	0.506 44	0.64 6
102Mo	296.61 2	1.06 12	0.88 36	0.87 29	0.80 6	0.70 12	0.54 10
<sup>104</sup> Mo	192.3 3	1.08 8	1.3 5	1.31 44	1.22 12	2.5 6	1.76 46
106Mo	171.7 3	1.30 7	1.5 6	1.44 48	1.35 14	1.27 37	1.26 37
<sup>108</sup> Mo	172.1 5	1.34 <i>31</i>	1.5 6	1.41 47	1.33 13	1.38 26	1.38 26
92Ru	865.3 10		0.34 14	0.36 12	0.324 38		
94Ru	1430.7 <i>10</i>		0.20 8	0.21 7	0.193 <i>33</i>	0.117 9	0.145 12
%Ru	832.55 7	0.251 10	0.35 14	0.36 12	0.327 <i>3</i> 8	0.249 10	0.324 13
98Ru	652.41 <i>5</i>	0.392 12	0.44 18	0.45 15	0.412 <i>41</i>	0.406 17	0.412 17
<sup>100</sup> Ru	539.59 5	0.501 10	0.53 22	0.54 18	0.491 42	0.460 29	0.455 29
<sup>102</sup> Ru	475.07 <i>4</i>	0.651 16	0.60 24	0.60 20	0.550 44	0.64 <i>6</i>	0.58 5
<sup>104</sup> Ru	357. <b>99</b> <i>3</i>	0.841 <i>16</i>	0.79 <i>32</i>	0.78 <i>26</i>	0.72 5	0.99 10	0.98 10
<sup>106</sup> Ru	270.07 6		1.04 <i>43</i>	1.01 <i>33</i>	0.94 7	0.917 <i>4</i> 7	0.924 <i>4</i> 7
<sup>108</sup> Ru	242.3 <i>3</i>	1.03 14	1.15 47	1.10 <i>37</i>	1.04 8	1.34 <i>32</i>	1.21 28
<sup>110</sup> Ru	240.8 <i>3</i>	1.11 <i>13</i>	1.15 <i>4</i> 7	1.09 <i>36</i>	1.03 8	0.89 22	1.09 <i>32</i>
<sup>112</sup> Ru	236.8 <i>3</i>	1.12 20	1.17 <i>48</i>	1. <b>09</b> <i>36</i>	1.03 8	0.53 19	0.82 29
%Pd	1415.4 <i>3</i>		0.22 9	0.23 8	0.210 <i>36</i>		
98Pd	863.1 <i>2</i>		0.36 15	0.37 12	0.340 42		
<sup>100</sup> Pd	665.3 <i>5</i>		0.47 19	0.47 16	0.435 <i>44</i>	0.365 <i>26</i>	0.351 <i>34</i>
<sup>102</sup> Pd	556.60 4	0.46 <i>3</i>	0.56 <i>23</i>	0.56 18	0.513 46	0.469 <i>34</i>	0.385 28
104Pd	555.81 <i>4</i>	0.535 <i>35</i>	0.56 <i>23</i>	0.54 18	0.507 47	0.569 <i>42</i>	0.571 <i>42</i>
106Pd	511.85 3	0.656 35	0.60 25	0.58 19	0.543 <i>4</i> 8	0.588 <i>49</i>	0.67 6
<sup>108</sup> Pd	433.95 <i>4</i>	0.76 4	0.70 29	0.67 22	0.63 5	0.77 6	0.74 6
110Pd	373.8 <i>3</i>	0.87 <i>4</i>	0.81 <i>33</i>	0.77 <i>26</i>	0.72 5	0.66 12	0.65 11
112Pd	348.8 <i>5</i>	0.63 10	0.86 <i>35</i>	0.81 27	0.77 6	0.49 12	0.63 16
114Pd	332.9 <i>3</i>	0.34 10	0.90 <i>37</i>	0.83 28	0.79 <i>6</i>	0.64 14	0.64 14
116 <b>P</b> d	340.6 <i>3</i>	0.57 16	0.88 <i>36</i>	0.80 <i>26</i>	0.77 <i>6</i>		
<sup>102</sup> Cd	776.8 10		0.44 18	0.43 14	0.400 47		
104Cd	657.9 10		0.51 21	0.50 17	0.466 49	0.346 30	0.34 5
<sup>106</sup> Cd	632.7 <i>3</i>	0.41 2	0.53 22	0.51 17	0.478 50	0.389 38	0.309 30
<sup>108</sup> Cd	632.89 <i>5</i>	0.43 2	0.52 22	0.50 17	0.47 5	0.465 43	0.438 40
110Cd	657.72 <i>2</i>	0.45 2	0.50 20	0.47 16	0.45 5	0.46 7	0.48 7
<sup>112</sup> Cd	617.4 <i>3</i>	0.51 2	0.53 22	0.50 <i>16</i>	0.47 5	0.56 10	0.59 11
<sup>114</sup> Cd	558.29 3	0.55 2	0.58 24	0.54 18	0.52 5	0.47 8	0.54 12
<sup>110</sup> Cd	513.4 1	0.56 2	0.63 26	0.58 19	0.55 5	0.35 8	0.40 10
<sup>118</sup> Cd	487.76 7		0.66 27	0.60 20	0.58 5	0.538 30	0.556 22
<sup>120</sup> Cd	505.9 2		0.64 26	0.56 19	0.55 5		
124 Cd	570. <i>I</i>		0.56 23	0.49 10	U.48 J		
""Cd	613.2 2		0.52 21	0.43 15	U.44 J		
<sup>102</sup> Sn	1354. <i>2</i>		0.27 11	0.27 9	0.249 <i>43</i>		

Nucleus	<i>E</i> (level) (keV)	Measured Value	R β <sub>2</sub> /β <sub>2(sp)</sub> Fit	egional IBA SU(3)	Systemat Stretched sp. "SU(3)"	i c s Single- <i>j</i> Simulation	Global Calculation Möller and Nix
<sup>88</sup> Mo	932. <i>2</i>		0.292 14	0.31 11	0.28 8	0.47 13	0.0040
90Mo	947.9 10		0.186 14				0.0040
<sup>92</sup> Mo	1509.47 3	0.097 <i>6</i>	0.102 14				
94Mo	871.10 <i>2</i>	0.203 4	0.236 18				
%Мо	778.26 <i>4</i>	0.271 5	0.345 19	0.35 20	0.38 18	0.36 13	0.081
<sup>98</sup> Mo	787.42 10	0.267 5	0.480 22	0.45 25	0.52 25	0.47 17	0.322
<sup>100</sup> Mo	535.55 <i>2</i>	0.516 10	0.640 29	0.56 32	0.60 29	0.59 21	0.526
<sup>102</sup> Mo	<b>296.6</b> 1 2	1.06 12	0.827 41	0.69 <i>38</i>	0.67 <i>33</i>	0.70 <i>26</i>	1.22
<sup>104</sup> Mo	192.3 <i>3</i>	1.08 8	1. <b>04</b> 6	0.83 46	0.76 <i>37</i>	0.81 30	1.44
<sup>106</sup> Mo	171.7 <i>3</i>	1.30 7	1.29 8	1.0 <i>6</i>	0.76 37	0.91 33	1.51
<sup>108</sup> Mo	172.1 5	1.34 <i>31</i>	1.57 10	1.2 6	0.74 36	0.98 <i>36</i>	1.36
<sup>92</sup> Ru	865.3 10		0.166 14				0.0040
96n	1430.7 10	0.051 10	0.105 14				
98n	832.33 /	0.251 10	0.220 19	0.04 11	0.00.14	0.00.10	0.0040
100m.	032.41 J	0.392 12	0.300 19	0.24 13	0.28 14	0.32 12	0.143
102m	339.39 J	0.501 10	0.395 20	0.32 18	0.41 20	0.42 15	0.287
104 Ru	4/5.0/ 4	0.651 10	0.506 23	0.41 23	0.48 23	0.53 19	0.398
106D.	337.99 3	0.841 10	0.633 29	0.52 29	0.54 26	0.64 23	0.573
108m	2/0.0/ 0		0.779 37	0.64 30	0.62 30	0.75 27	0.895
110p.	242.3 3	1.03 14	0.942 48	0.78 43	0.62 30	0.84 31	0.956
112n	240.8 3	1.11 13	1.12 0	0.9 3	0.60 29	0.91 33	0.481
····Ku	230.8 3	1.12 20	0.99 5	0.80 44	0.57 28	0.94 <i>34</i>	0.481
%Pd	1415.4 3		0.108 15				
98Pd	863.1 <i>2</i>		0.203 19				0.0090
100Pd	665.3 <i>5</i>		0.256 20	0.14 8	0.20 10	0.23 8	0.099
<sup>102</sup> Pd	556.60 4	0.46 <i>3</i>	0.316 20	0.20 11	0.30 15	0.32 12	0.255
<sup>104</sup> Pd	555.81 <i>4</i>	0.535 <i>35</i>	0.384 21	0.28 16	0.36 18	0.42 15	0.322
106Pd	511.85 <i>3</i>	0.656 35	0.461 23	0.37 21	0.42 20	0.52 19	0.359
<sup>108</sup> Pd	433.95 <i>4</i>	0.76 4	0.546 25	0.47 26	0.49 24	0.62 22	0.481
<sup>110</sup> Pd	373.8 <i>3</i>	0.87 4	0.640 29	0.59 33	0.49 24	0.70 26	0.622
<sup>112</sup> Pd	348.8 <i>5</i>	0.63 10	0.744 34	0.72 40	0.47 23	0.76 28	0.526
114Pd	332.9 <i>3</i>	0.34 10	0.671 30	0.61 <i>34</i>	0.44 22	0.80 29	0.573
116Pd	340.6 <i>3</i>	0.57 16	0.600 28	0.50 28	0.43 21	0.79 29	0.526
<sup>102</sup> Cd	776.8 10		0.214 20				0.036
<sup>104</sup> Cd	657.9 10		0.244 <i>21</i>				0.120
<sup>106</sup> Cd	632.7 <i>3</i>	0.41 2	0.277 22				0.224
<sup>108</sup> Cd	632.89 <i>5</i>	0.43 2	0.312 22				0.287
<sup>110</sup> Cd	657.72 <i>2</i>	0.45 <i>2</i>	0.350 <i>23</i>				0.287
<sup>112</sup> Cd	617.4 <i>3</i>	0.51 2	0.390 <i>23</i>				0.322
<sup>114</sup> Cd	558.29 <i>3</i>	0.55 2	0.434 24				0.359
<sup>116</sup> Cd	513.4 <i>1</i>	0.56 2	0.409 24				0.398
<sup>118</sup> Cd	487.76 7		0.384 25				0.359
<sup>120</sup> Cd	505.9 <i>2</i>		0.359 25				0.255
<sup>122</sup> Cd	570. <i>1</i>		0.334 26				0.0090
<sup>124</sup> Cd	613.2 2		0.309 27				
<sup>102</sup> Sn	1354. <i>2</i>		0.171 20				

Nucleus	E(level) (keV)	Measured Value	Globa Bohrand Mottelson	al Syste Grodzins	matics BestFit	Local Ross and Bhaduri	Systematics Patnaik <i>et al</i> .
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<sup>104</sup> Sn	1216.2 <i>10</i>		0.30 12	0.29 10	0.274 45		
<sup>106</sup> Sn	1210.4 <i>10</i>		0.30 12	0.29 10	0.271 45		
<sup>108</sup> Sn	1 <b>206</b> .7 10		0.30 12	0.29 9	0.269 46		
<sup>110</sup> Sn	1211.9 <i>2</i>		0.30 12	0.28 9	0.264 <i>46</i>	0.229 19	0.220 <i>32</i>
<sup>112</sup> Sn	1257.2 <i>3</i>	0.240 14	0.28 12	0.26 9	0.252 45	0.22 5	0.170 <i>38</i>
114Sn	1300.0 <i>1</i>	0.23 5	0.27 11	0.25 8	0.240 44	0.229 17	0.234 17
116Sn	1293.54 <i>2</i>	0.209 6	0.27 11	0.25 8	0.239 45	0.218 <i>36</i>	0.234 <i>39</i>
118Sn	1229.63 <i>3</i>	0.209 8	0.28 12	0.26 8	0.248 46	0.209 <i>32</i>	0.266 41
<sup>120</sup> Sn	1171.24 <i>3</i>	0.202 <i>4</i>	0.30 12	0.26 9	0.257 47	0.199 <i>30</i>	0.192 29
<sup>122</sup> Sn	1140.56 <i>3</i>	0.192 4	0.30 12	0.27 9	0.261 47	0.184 5	0.184 5
<sup>124</sup> Sn	1131.58 <i>3</i>	0.166 4	0.30 12	0.26 9	0.261 48	0.184 <i>6</i>	0.0990 31
<sup>126</sup> Sn	1141.2 <i>1</i>		0.30 12	0.26 9	0.255 47	0.1544 <i>42</i>	0.074 12
<sup>128</sup> Sn	1168.8 <i>1</i>		0.29 12	0.25 8	0.247 <i>4</i> 7		
<sup>130</sup> Sn	1221.24 5		0.28 11	0.24 8	0.234 <i>46</i>		
<sup>132</sup> Sn	4040.6 20		0.084 <i>34</i>	0.070 <i>23</i>	0.070 23		
<sup>112</sup> Te	689. <i>2</i>		0.56 <i>23</i>	0.52 17	0.50 <i>6</i>		
<sup>114</sup> Te	709.0 <i>4</i>		0.54 22	0.50 16	0.48 <i>6</i>		
<sup>116</sup> Te	679.0 3		0.56 <i>23</i>	0.51 <i>17</i>	0.49 6		
<sup>118</sup> Te	605.2 <i>4</i>		0.63 26	0.56 19	0.54 6	0.63 10	0.70 13
<sup>120</sup> Te	560.4 <i>3</i>	0.77 16	0.67 28	0.60 20	0.58 6	0.61 5	0.478 40
<sup>122</sup> Te	564.0 <i>2</i>	0.660 6	0.66 27	0.58 19	0.57 <i>6</i>	0.86 14	0.94 15
<sup>124</sup> Te	602.72 <i>4</i>	0.568 <i>6</i>	0.62 25	0.54 18	0.53 <i>6</i>	0.508 27	0.549 26
<sup>126</sup> Te	666.2 1	0.475 10	0.56 23	0.48 16	0.47 6	0.454 <i>31</i>	0.524 <i>36</i>
<sup>128</sup> Te	743.2 <i>1</i>	0.383 6	0.50 20	0.42 14	0.42 6	0.403 <i>40</i>	0.430 43
<sup>130</sup> Te	839.4 <i>1</i>	0.295 7	0.44 18	0.37 12	0.37 <i>6</i>	0.306 31	0.193 20
<sup>132</sup> Te	973.9 <i>1</i>		0.38 15	0.31 10	0.31 <i>6</i>	0.241 37	0.18 7
<sup>134</sup> Te	1279.1 10 <sub>.</sub>		0.28 12	0.24 8	0.236 49		
<sup>114</sup> Xe	449.7 <i>2</i>		0.92 <i>38</i>	0.85 28	0.81 7		
<sup>116</sup> Xe	<b>393.5</b> 10		1.04 <i>43</i>	0.95 32	0.92 7		
<sup>118</sup> Xe	337. <i>1</i>	1.40 7	1.21 50	1. <b>09</b> <i>36</i>	1.06 8		
<sup>120</sup> Xe	321.8 <i>10</i>	0.94 9	1.3 5	1.12 37	1.09 8		
<sup>122</sup> Xe	331.3 <i>2</i>	1.12 <i>10</i>	1.22 50	1.07 <i>36</i>	1.05 8	1.98 <i>43</i>	1.60 35
<sup>124</sup> Xe	<b>354</b> .1 <i>2</i>	1. <b>49</b> 9	1.13 <b>46</b>	0.99 <i>33</i>	0.97 8	0.94 15	1.06 <i>16</i>
<sup>126</sup> Xe	388.5 <i>1</i>	0.770 <i>25</i>	1.03 <i>42</i>	0.89 <i>30</i>	0.88 <i>8</i>	0.96 11	1.00 11
<sup>128</sup> Xe	442.91 7	0.75 <i>4</i>	0.90 <i>37</i>	0.77 25	0.76 7	0.78 <i>9</i>	0.80 <i>9</i>
<sup>130</sup> Xe	536.09 <i>5</i>	0.65 <i>5</i>	0.74 <i>30</i>	0.62 21	0.62 7	0.58 <i>6</i>	0.54 5
<sup>132</sup> Xe	667.67 <i>6</i>	0.46 <i>3</i>	0.59 <i>24</i>	0.49 16	0.49 7	0.50 <i>6</i>	0.55 7
<sup>134</sup> Xe	847.03 <i>3</i>	0.34 <i>6</i>	0.46 19	0.38 13	0.38 <i>6</i>	0.29 9	0.27 8
<sup>136</sup> Xe	1313.2 5	0.18 <i>8</i>	0.30 12	0.24 8	0.25 5	0.218 <i>39</i>	0.166 <i>30</i>
<sup>138</sup> Xe	589.0 <i>3</i>	0.0235 28	0.66 27	0.53 18	0.54 7		
<sup>140</sup> Xc	376.8 <i>5</i>	0.323 14	1.02 42	0.82 27	0.84 8		
<sup>142</sup> Xe	205. <i>I</i>		1.9 8	1.49 50	1.53 12	0.545 <i>35</i>	0.68 <i>9</i>
<sup>120</sup> Ba	183. <i>I</i>		2.4 10	2.1 7	2.07 18		
<sup>122</sup> Ba	197. <i>1</i>		2.2 9	1.9 <i>6</i>	1.90 <i>15</i>		
<sup>124</sup> Ba	229.5 10		1.9 8	1.6 <i>5</i>	1.61 <i>12</i>	1.52 <i>19</i>	1.53 <i>25</i>
<sup>126</sup> Ba	255.8 10	1.90 <i>21</i>	1.7 7	1.45 <i>4</i> 8	1.43 10	2.12 25	1.93 <i>23</i>
<sup>128</sup> Ba	284.1 <i>I</i>	1.36 11	1.5 6	1.28 43	1.27 9	1.30 18	1.30 <i>18</i>

Nucleus	E(level) (keV)	Measured Value	Re $eta_2/eta_{2(ep)}$ Fit	gional IBA SU(3)	Systemat Stretched sp. "SU(3)"	i c s Single- <i>j</i> Simulation	Global Calculation Möller and Nix
<sup>104</sup> Sn	1216.2 10		0.176 21				0.0040
<sup>106</sup> Sn	1210.4 10		0.180 21				0.016
<sup>108</sup> Sn	1206.7 10		0.184 22				0.025
110Sn	1211.9 2		0.189 22				0.036
<sup>112</sup> Sn	1257.2 3	0.240 14	0.194 23				0.016
114Sn	1300.0 <i>1</i>	0.23 5	0.198 24				0.0040
116Sn	1293.54 2	0.209 6	0.203 24				0.0090
118Sn	1229.63 3	0.209 8	0.208 25				0.0090
<sup>120</sup> Sn	1171.24 <i>3</i>	0.202 4	0.212 25				0.0040
<sup>122</sup> Sn	1140.56 <i>3</i>	0.192 4	0.217 26				0.0040
<sup>124</sup> Sn	1131.58 <i>3</i>	0.166 4	0.222 26				
<sup>126</sup> Sn	1141.2 <i>1</i>		0.227 27				
<sup>128</sup> Sn	1168.8 <i>1</i>		0.231 28				
130Sn	1221.24 5		0.236 28				
<sup>132</sup> Sn	4040.6 20		0.241 29				
<sup>112</sup> Te	689. <i>2</i>		0.47 <i>7</i>				0.481
Tre Te	709.0 <i>4</i>		0.55 9				0.622
<sup>110</sup> Te	679.0 <i>3</i>		0.63 11				0.672
Te	605.2 <i>4</i>		0.72 13				0.322
<sup>120</sup> Te	560.4 <i>3</i>	0.77 16	0.66 11				0.359
<sup>122</sup> Te	564.0 <i>2</i>	0.660 <i>6</i>	0.60 10				0.322
<sup>124</sup> Te	602.72 <i>4</i>	0.568 <i>6</i>	0.54 8				0.195
<sup>120</sup> Te	666.2 <i>1</i>	0.475 10	0.48 <i>6</i>				0.081
<sup>128</sup> Te	7 <b>4</b> 3.2 <i>1</i>	0.383 6	0.413 50				0.0090
Te	839.4 1	0.295 7	0.351 36				
<sup>132</sup> Te	973.9 1		0.291 26				
<sup>134</sup> Te	1279.1 10		0.233 18				
<sup>114</sup> Xe	<b>449</b> .7 2		0.83 16	0.80 12	1.12 16	0.68 10	0.956
<sup>11</sup> °Xe	393.5 10		1.00 21	1.02 15	1.27 18	0.83 <i>13</i>	1.08
<sup>110</sup> Xe	337. 1	1.40 7	1.17 27	1.27 18	1.28 18	0.95 15	1.15
<sup>120</sup> Xe	321.8 10	0.94 9	1.35 32	1.55 22	1.23 18	1.05 16	1.15
124 Xe	331.3 2	1.12 10	1.22 28	1.30 19	1.18 17	1.10 17	1.08
126Xr	354.1 2	1.49 9	1.09 23	1.07 16	1.16 17	1.09 17	1.02
128 XC	388.5 1	0.770 25	0.95 19	0.86 12	1.03 15	1.03 16	0.672
130xr	442.91 /	0.75 4	0.80 14	0.67 10	0.83 12	0.91 14	0.526
132Nr	536.09 5	0.65 5	0.65 10	0.50 7	0.65 9	0.73 11	0.224
134sr	667.67 0	0.46 3	0.50 7	0.36 5	0.49 7	0.51 8	0.025
13612	847.03 3	0.34 0	0.366 38				0.0040
138xr	1313.2 5	0.18 8	0.238 19				
140sz	589.0 3	0.0235 28	0.288 36				0.0040
142v	3/0.8 3	0.323 [4	U.448 <i>43</i>	0.30 0	1.08 25	0.42 10	0.143
-A6	205. 1		0.03 3	U.34 Y	1.30 <i>3</i> 0	0.53 12	0.526
<sup>120</sup> Ba	183. <i>1</i>		1.73 <b>4</b> 5	1.72 25	1.74 25	1.26 19	1.84
Ba	197. I		2.0 3	2.05 30	1.69 24	1.36 21	1.84
126D	229.5 10	1.00.01	1.80 47	1.76 26	1.64 24	1.42 22	1.67
128D	255.8 10	1.90 21	1.00 40	1.49 22	1.61 23	1.42 22	1.51
Ba	284.1 I	1.30 []	1.39 32	1.24 18	1.47 21	1.35 21	1.08

			Glob	al Syste	ematics	Local	Systematics
Nucleus	E(level) (keV)	Measured Value	Bohr and Mottelson	Grodzins	Best Fit	Ross and Bhaduri	Patnaik <i>et al</i> .
130Ba	357.3 1	1.29 14	1.19 49	1.01 33	1.00 8	1.27 15	1.32 16
132Ba	464.58 2	0.86 <i>6</i>	0.91 37	0.76 25	0.76 8	0.94 13	0.87 12
<sup>134</sup> Ba	604.66 <i>2</i>	0.680 16	0.70 <i>28</i>	0.58 19	0.58 8	0.58 9	0.60 9
136Ba	818.50 5	0.400 5	0.51 21	0.42 14	0.42 7	0.49 18	0.47 17
<sup>138</sup> Ba	1435.91 6	0.226 9	0.29 12	0.24 8	0.24 5	0.18 9	0.24 11
140Ba	602.2 <i>3</i>		0.69 28	0.55 18	0.56 8	0.0332 <i>21</i>	0.370 14
<sup>142</sup> Ba	359.52 <i>2</i>	0.68 <i>6</i>	1.15 <i>4</i> 7	0.92 <i>30</i>	0.94 <i>9</i>		
144Ba	199.3 2	1. <b>04</b> 6	2.1 8	1.6 5	1.67 <i>13</i>	1.02 <i>18</i>	0.39 7
146Ba	180.8 2	1.35 10	2.3 9	1.8 <i>6</i>	1.83 <i>14</i>	1.38 24	2.00 <i>34</i>
<sup>148</sup> Ba	142.5 10		2.9 12	2.2 7	2.30 20	1.72 <i>32</i>	2.6 6
<sup>126</sup> Ce	170. <i>2</i>		2.7 11	2.3 8	2.31 20		
<sup>128</sup> Ce	207.3 <i>3</i>	2.15 <i>18</i>	2.2 9	1.9 <i>6</i>	1.87 <i>14</i>	2.76 40	2.27 33
<sup>130</sup> Ce	253.9 <i>4</i>	1.73 9	1.8 7	1.5 5	1.51 11	1.60 25	1.72 27
<sup>132</sup> Ce	325.4 <i>3</i>	1.77 <i>14</i>	1.4 б	1.17 <i>3</i> 9	1.17 9	1.58 24	1.56 23
<sup>134</sup> Ce	409.2 <i>1</i>	1.03 9	1.10 <i>45</i>	0.91 <i>30</i>	0.92 9	1.18 18	1.34 20
<sup>136</sup> Ce	552.2 <i>2</i>		0.81 33	0.67 22	0.67 8	0.79 9	0.85 11
<sup>138</sup> Ce	788.7 1		0.57 23	0.46 15	0.47 8	0.607 39	0.470 12
	1596.5 3	0.296 6	0.28 11	0.22 7	0.23 5	0.195 13	0.170 11
<sup>142</sup> Ce	641.2 <i>1</i>	0.45 1	0.69 28	0.55 18	0.56 8	0.656 43	0.576 38
	397.3 2		1.11 45	0.88 29	0.90 9	0.647 31	0.624 40
	258.3 2	0.93 13	1.7 7	1.33 44	1.37 11	1.11 12	1.05 11
	158.7 3	1.89 15	2.8 11	2.1 7	2.21 18	2.15 49	2.3 5
<sup>13</sup> Ce	97.1 3	3.1 6	4.5 18	3.4 11	3.58 42	1.76 30	1.74 49
<sup>128</sup> Nd	134. 2		3.7 15	3.1 10	3.10 32		
<sup>130</sup> Nd	158. 2		3.1 13	2.6 9	2.60 23		
<sup>132</sup> Nd	213. 2		2.3 9	1.9 0	1.91 14		
<sup>13</sup> Nd	294.2 3		1.0 /	1.30 43	1.37 10		
138 Nd	373.5 3		1.5 3	1.00 33	1.07 10		
1405 T 1	520.9 8		0.92 38	0.75 25	0.70 9		
142NT 1	113.4 2	0.070.0	0.02 23	0.30 10	0.30 8	0 502 21	0 206 25
144NT-3	15/5./ 4	0.270 0	0.30 12	0.24 0	0.24 0	0.303 31	0.390 23
146 N.L	090.47 2	0.33 3	1.04 42	0.34 10	0.55 8	0.388 10	0.750 30
148 N.J	455.// 15	0.70 3	1.04 42	1 20 40	1 25 11	1 12 11	1 28 13
150114	130 12 6	275 4	36 15	280	2 86 27	2 14 50	2.2.5
<sup>152</sup> Nd	72.6 2	2.6 7	6.4 <i>26</i>	4.9 16	5.1 7	4.6 7	3.8 <i>6</i>
134Sm	163 2		3.2 13	2.6 9	2.64 22		
136Sm	256 2		2.0 8	1.6 5	1.66 12		
138Sm	346 7 10	1.64 35	1.5 6	1.20 40	1.21 11		
140Sm	531.0 3		0.96 39	0.77 26	0.78 10		
142Sm	768.2 4		0.66 27	0.52 17	0.54 9		
144Sm	1660.2 2	0.266 8	0.30 12	0.24 8	0.25 6		
146Sm	747.24 6		0.67 28	0.52 17	0.54 9	0.550 <i>30</i>	0.536 27
148Sm	550.2 1	0.72 <i>3</i>	0.91 <i>37</i>	0.70 <i>23</i>	0.73 10	0.669 34	0.730 <i>3</i> 7
150Sm	333.95 1	1.35 <i>3</i>	1.5 6	1.14 <i>38</i>	1.19 <i>11</i>	1.51 <i>10</i>	1.59 <i>10</i>
<sup>152</sup> Sm	121.78 <i>1</i>	3.44 <i>4</i>	4.1 17	3.1 10	3.24 32	<b>4.1 6</b>	3.6 5
<sup>154</sup> Sm	81.99 <i>2</i>	4.36 5	6.0 <i>25</i>	4.5 15	4.8 6	3.2 6	3.8 7

			R	Global			
Nucleus	E(level)	Measured	B2/B2()	IBA	Stretched sp.	Single- <i>i</i>	Calculation
	(keV)	Value	Fit	SU(3)	"SU(3)"	Simulation	Möller and Nix
<sup>130</sup> Ba	357.3 1	1.29 14	1.16 25	1.01 15	1.22 18	1.21 18	0.837
<sup>132</sup> Ba	464.58 2	0.86 6	0.92 18	0.81 12	1.00 14	1.00 15	0.526
134Ba	604.66 2	0.680 16	0.68 11	0.62 9	0.80 11	0.74 11	0.143
<sup>136</sup> Ba	818.50 5	0.400 5	0.45 5				0.016
<sup>138</sup> Ba	1435.91 6	0.226 9	0.242 19				0.0040
<sup>140</sup> Ba	602.2 3		0.368 40				0.016
<sup>142</sup> Ba	359.52 <i>2</i>	0.68 <i>6</i>	0.63 5	0.61 10	1.62 37	0.80 18	0.439
144Ba	199.3 <i>2</i>	1.04 6	0.94 <i>6</i>	0.83 14	2.2 5	0.94 21	0.725
146Ba	180.8 <i>2</i>	1.35 10	1.27 7	1.09 18	2.6 6	1.09 24	1.29
<sup>148</sup> Ba	142.5 10		1.62 9	1.40 23	3.0 7	1.25 28	2.01
<sup>126</sup> Ce	170. 2		2.4 7	2.30 <i>33</i>	1.88 27	1.77 27	2.29
<sup>128</sup> Ce	207.3 <i>3</i>	2.15 18	2.1 б	1.99 <i>2</i> 9	1.85 27	1.76 27	2.11
<sup>130</sup> Ce	253.9 4	1.73 9	1.84 <i>48</i>	1.70 25	1.69 24	1.69 <i>26</i>	1.59
<sup>132</sup> Ce	325.4 <i>3</i>	1.77 14	1.54 <i>3</i> 7	1.43 <i>21</i>	1.43 20	1.53 24	1.15
<sup>134</sup> Ce	409.2 1	1.03 9	1.21 26	1.18 <i>17</i>	1.19 <i>17</i>	1.29 20	0.672
<sup>136</sup> Ce	552.2 <i>2</i>		0.87 16	0.96 14	0.97 <i>14</i>	1.00 15	0.359
<sup>138</sup> Ce	788.7 <i>1</i>		0.54 7				0.025
<sup>140</sup> Ce	1596.5 <i>3</i>	0.296 <i>6</i>	0.247 19				0.0040
<sup>142</sup> Ce	641.2 <i>1</i>	0.45 1	0.456 <i>44</i>				0.016
144Ce	397.3 <i>2</i>		0.84 <i>6</i>	0.92 15	1.90 <i>43</i>	1.25 28	0.622
146Ce	258.3 <i>2</i>	0.93 <i>13</i>	1.27 7	1.19 <i>20</i>	2.5 6	1.43 <i>32</i>	1.08
148Ce	158.7 <i>3</i>	1.89 <i>15</i>	1.72 9	1.51 25	2.9 7	1.62 <i>3</i> 6	1.75
<sup>150</sup> Ce	97.1 <i>3</i>	3.1 6	2.18 11	1.86 <i>31</i>	3.4 8	1.81 <i>41</i>	2.49
<sup>128</sup> Nd	134. 2		2.8 9	2.92 42	2.10 <i>30</i>	2.11 32	3.35
<sup>130</sup> Nd	158. <i>2</i>		2.6 8	2.57 <i>37</i>	2.08 <i>30</i>	2.11 <i>32</i>	3.01
<sup>132</sup> Nd	213. <i>2</i>		2.3 6	2.24 32	1.91 <i>2</i> 7	2.02 31	2.69
<sup>134</sup> Nd	294.2 <i>3</i>		1.92 <i>4</i> 9	1.93 <i>2</i> 8	1.63 <i>23</i>	1.85 28	1.44
<sup>136</sup> Nd	373.5 <i>3</i>		1.51 <i>35</i>	1.64 24	1.37 20	1.59 <i>24</i>	0.956
<sup>138</sup> Nd	520.9 8		1. <b>07</b> <i>21</i>	1.37 20	1.13 <i>16</i>	1.26 <i>19</i>	0.481
<sup>140</sup> Nd	773.4 2		0.63 9				0.049
<sup>142</sup> Nd	1575.7 <i>4</i>	0.270 8	0.252 20				0.0040
<sup>144</sup> Nd	696.49 <i>2</i>	0.55 3	0.553 48				0.016
<sup>140</sup> Nd	453.77 <i>13</i>	0.76 3	1.06 7	1.29 21	2.16 50	1.74 <i>3</i> 9	0.837
148Nd	301.7 1	1.38 3	1.62 9	1.62 27	2.8 6	1.96 44	1.67
<sup>150</sup> Nd	130.12 6	2.75 4	2.18 11	1.99 <i>33</i>	3.3 8	2.18 <i>49</i>	2.59
<sup>152</sup> Nd	72.6 2	2.6 7	2.74 14	2.40 40	3.8 8	2.4 5	3.35
<sup>134</sup> Sm	163. <i>2</i>		2.7 8	2.86 41	2.17 <i>31</i>	2.34 36	3.23
<sup>130</sup> Sm	256. <i>2</i>		2.3 6	2.50 36	1.87 27	2.15 <i>33</i>	1.75
<sup>138</sup> Sm	346.7 10	1.64 35	1.81 45	2.17 31	1.59 <i>23</i>	1.87 <i>2</i> 9	1.36
<sup>1</sup> Sm	531.0 3		1.28 27	1.86 27	1.33 19	1.51 <i>23</i>	0.725
'**Sm	768.2 4		0.73 12				0.036
""Sm	1660.2 2	0.266 8	0.257 20				0.0040
<sup>170</sup> Sm	747.24 6		0.66 5				0.0090
<sup>170</sup> Sm	550.2 1	0.72 3	1.29 8	1.74 29	2.5 6	2.2 5	1.02
152c	333.95 1	1.55 3	1.97 10	2.12 35	3.2 7	2.5 6	1.93
Sm	121.78 1	5.44 4	2.64 13	2.54 42	3.7 8	2.7 6	2.69
Sm	81.99 <i>2</i>	4.36 5	3.26 17	3.00 <i>50</i>	4.2 10	3.0 7	3.46

			Glob	al Syste	Local Systematics		
Nucleus	E(level) (keV)	Measured Value	Bohr and Mottelson	Grodzins	Best Fit	Ross and Bhaduri	Patnaik et al.
<sup>156</sup> Sm	76.0 5		6.5 26	4.8 16	5.1 7	4.57 8	4.74 9
<sup>158</sup> Sm	72.8 <i>5</i>		6.7 28	5.0 16	5.3 7		
138Gd	221. <i>2</i>		2.5 10	2.0 7	2.03 15		
140Gd	329. <i>2</i>		1.6 7	1.32 44	1.35 12		
142Gd	526.0 <i>2</i>		1.03 <i>42</i>	0.82 27	0.84 10		
144Gd	742.6 5		0.72 <i>30</i>	0.57 19	0.59 <i>9</i>		
146Gd	1972. <i>2</i>		0.27 11	0.21 7	0.22 6		
148Gd	7 <b>84</b> .5 <i>1</i>		0.68 <i>28</i>	0.53 17	0.54 <i>9</i>		
<sup>150</sup> Gd	638.1 <i>1</i>		0.83 <i>34</i>	0.64 <i>21</i>	0.66 10	0.80 7	1.13 <i>16</i>
<sup>152</sup> Gd	344.27 1	1.76 15	1.5 6	1.17 <i>3</i> 9	1.22 12	1.74 7	2.14 9
154Gd	123.07 <i>3</i>	3.85 5	4.3 18	3.2 11	3.38 <i>32</i>	3.87 <i>26</i>	3.58 24
<sup>156</sup> Gd	88.97 <i>1</i>	4.64 5	5.9 24	4.4 15	4.6 6	4.66 11	4.73 12
158Gd	79.51 <i>1</i>	5.02 5	6.6 27	4.9 16	5.1 7	5.04 18	5.04 18
<sup>160</sup> Gd	75.26 1	5.25 6	6.9 <i>28</i>	5.1 17	5.4 7	5.16 21	5.24 21
<sup>146</sup> Dy	682.9 <i>3</i>		0.83 34	0.65 22	0.67 10		
<sup>148</sup> Dy	1677.7 <i>10</i>		0.34 <i>14</i>	0.26 9	0.27 7		
<sup>150</sup> Dy	804.4 <i>5</i>		0.70 <i>29</i>	0.54 18	0.56 10		
<sup>152</sup> Dy	613.9 <i>5</i>		0.91 <i>37</i>	0.70 <i>23</i>	0.73 11		
<sup>154</sup> Dy	334.5 <i>2</i>	2.39 12	1.7 7	1.26 42	1.32 <i>13</i>	1.71 <i>15</i>	1.98 <i>17</i>
<sup>156</sup> Dy	137.85 8	3.71 <i>4</i>	4.0 16	3.0 10	3.18 28	4.24 <i>3</i> 6	3.86 <i>32</i>
<sup>158</sup> Dy	98.94 <i>1</i>	4.66 <i>5</i>	5.6 <i>23</i>	4.2 14	4.39 48	4.66 25	4.66 25
<sup>160</sup> Dy	86.79 <i>1</i>	5.06 14	6.4 <i>26</i>	<b>4</b> .7 <i>16</i>	5.0 6	5.03 17	5.06 17
<sup>162</sup> Dy	80.66 <i>l</i>	5.28 15	6.8 <i>28</i>	5.0 16	5.3 7	5.36 15	5.34 15
<sup>164</sup> Dy	73.39 1	5.60 <i>5</i>	7.4 30	5.4 18	5.8 8	5.52 17	5.66 18
<sup>100</sup> Dy	76.58 1		7.1 <i>29</i>	5.1 17	5.5 7	5.29 10	5.56 12
<sup>148</sup> Er	646.6 10		0.93 <i>38</i>	0.72 <i>24</i>	0.75 11		
<sup>150</sup> Er	1578.8 2		0.38 16	0.29 10	0.30 8		
<sup>152</sup> Er	808.2 .10		0.74 <i>30</i>	0.56 19	0.59 10		
<sup>154</sup> Er	560.8 <i>5</i>		1.06 43	0.80 26	0.84 12		
<sup>156</sup> Er	344.4 3	1.64 7	1.7 7	1.28 43	1.35 14	2.24 32	2.04 30
<sup>158</sup> Er	192.3 <i>3</i>	3.02 23	3.1 12	2.3 8	2.40 19	2.68 32	3.00 35
	125.6 2	4.36 18	4.7 19	3.4 11	3.64 34	4.32 45	4.20 44
<sup>102</sup> Er	102.08 10	5.01 6	5.7 23	4.2 14	4.44 4/	5.01 40	4.90 39
164 Er	91.39 <i>I</i>	5.45 0	6.4 <i>20</i>	4.0 13	4.90	5.41 30	5.45 30
	80.57 1	5.83 5	7.2 29	5.2 17	5.5 /	5.94 20	5.81 20
100 Er	79.80 <i>I</i>	5.79 10	7.2 30	5.1 17	5.5 /	5.12 20	5.05 19
"'Er	78.59 2	5.82 10	7.3 30	5.2 17	5.0 /	5.82 20	0.12 21
<sup>152</sup> Yb	1531.2 10		0.41 17	0.31 10	0.33 8		
158 YD	536.4 2	1.05 35	1.17 48	0.8/29	U.YZ IS	1 64 30	1 10 74
150 Y D	357.9 8	1.85 20	1./ /	1.27 43 10 6	1.3/ 13	1.04 20	1.10 14
162 Y D	243.1 10	2.48 22	2.0 10	1.70	1.77 1/ 280 24	2.00 <del>4</del> 0 3 <u>4</u> 2 25	2.10 40
164 x / L	100.3 2	5.50 55 A 24 24	J./ JJ 50 20	2.1 9	4.07 44 2 87 26	J.4J JJ A AN 20	J. 10 JO A 20 20
166 VL	143.3 1	4.34 24 5 14 39	5.0 20	J.U 12 A 3 14	3,01 JU 467 AR	ግ.ግሀ ጋን ናነ ፋ	עני ענ. קו ג
168VL	102.30 3	J.14 20 5 73 10	0.0 24 7 0 28	5016	4.02 40 53 K	59 10	59 10
170	01.13 I 84 76 1	5.75 10	7 2 30	51 17	556	5.4 7	5.6 7
10	07.20 1	5.11 10	1.2 30	J.L 1/	J.J U		0.0 /

Nucleus	E(level) (keV)	Mcasured Value	R β <sub>2</sub> /β <sub>2(sp)</sub> Fit	egional IBA SU(3)	Systemat Stretched sp. "SU(3)"	i c s Single- <i>j</i> Simulation	Global Calculation Möller and Nix
<sup>156</sup> Sm	76.0 5		3.84 20	3.5 6	4.8 11	3.2 7	3.58
<sup>158</sup> Sm	72.8 5		4.35 23	4.0 7	5.0 11	3.5 8	3.82
138Gd	221. <i>2</i>		2.6 8	3.16 <i>46</i>	1.88 27	2.41 37	2.20
<sup>140</sup> Gd	329. <i>2</i>		<b>2.1</b> 6	2.79 40	1.59 <i>23</i>	2.11 <i>32</i>	1.59
<sup>142</sup> Gd	526.0 <i>2</i>		1.50 <i>34</i>	2. <b>4</b> 3 <i>35</i>	1.33 19	1.73 <i>2</i> 6	0.725
l <sup>44</sup> Gd	742.6 5		0.84 <i>14</i>				0.622
<sup>146</sup> Gd	1972. <i>2</i>		0.261 20				
148Gd	784.5 <i>1</i>		0.77 <i>6</i>				0.0090
<sup>150</sup> Gd	638.1 <i>1</i>		1.53 8	2.26 37	2.5 6	2.7 6	1.08
<sup>152</sup> Gd	344.27 1	1.76 15	2.33 12	2.69 44	3.2 7	2.9 7	2.01
134Gd	123.07 3	3.85 5	3.08 16	3.2 5	3.7 8	3.2 7	2.59
<sup>136</sup> Gd	88.97 <i>1</i>	4.64 5	3.76 20	3.7 6	4.2 10	3.5 8	3.58
158Gd	79.51 <i>l</i>	5.02 5	4.35 23	4.2 7	4.8 11	3.8 8	3.82
™Gd	75.26 1	5.25 6	4.86 27	4.8 8	5.0 11	4.0 9	3.95
<sup>146</sup> Dy	682.9 <i>3</i>		0.95 17				0.725
<sup>148</sup> Dy	1677.7 10		0.266 21				0.0040
Dy	804.4 <i>5</i>		0.88 б				0.036
<sup>152</sup> Dy	613.9 <i>5</i>		1.78 <i>10</i>	2.84 47	2.4 5	3.0 7	1.15
<sup>154</sup> Dy	334.5 <i>2</i>	2.39 12	2.69 14	3.3 6	3.1 7	3.3 7	2.11
<sup>156</sup> Dy	137.85 8	3.71 4	3.50 18	3.9 <i>6</i>	3.6 8	3.6 8	2.49
<sup>158</sup> Dy	98.94 <i>1</i>	4.66 5	4.21 22	4.4 7	4.0 9	3.9 9	3.46
<sup>160</sup> Dy	86.79 1	5.06 14	4.80 26	5.1 8	4.6 10	4.2 9	3.70
<sup>162</sup> Dy	80.66 1	5.28 15	5.30 30	5.7 9	4.9 11	4.4 10	3.82
<sup>164</sup> Dy	73.39 <i>I</i>	5.60 5	5.71 33	6.4 11	5.0 12	4.7 10	4.07
<sup>100</sup> Dy	76.58 1		6.05 <i>36</i>	7.2 12	5.2 12	4.9 11	4.20
<sup>148</sup> Er	646.6 10		0.87 15				0.837
Er	1578.8 <i>2</i>		0.271 21				0.0040
<sup>152</sup> Er	808.2 <i>10</i>		0.79 6				0.099
<sup>13</sup> Er	560.8 5		1.59 9	2.30 <i>38</i>	2.3 5	3.2 7	1.15
150 Er	344.4 3	1.64 7	2.41 12	2.74 45	3.0 7	3.5 8	1.93
160 EI	192.3 3	3.02 23	3.19 16	3.2 5	3.4 8	3.8 8	2.49
162 EF	125.6 2	4.30 18	3.88 20	3.8 6	3.9 9	4.1 9	3.35
16417-	102.08 10	5.01 0	4.49 24	4.3 /	4.5 10	4.4 10	3.82
166 E.F	91.39 1	J.4J 0	5.02 28	4.9 8	4.7 11	4.6 10	3.95
168 E.a	00.37 I 70.90 J	5.85 J	5.4/ 31	5.0 9	4.9 11	4.9 11	4.20
170	79.00 I 79.60 2	5.19 10	5.80 34	0.3 10	5.0 12	5.2 12	4.47
EL	18.39 2	5.82 10	0.19 30	1.1 12	5.3 12	5.4 12	4.47
<sup>152</sup> Yb	1531.2 10		0.276 22				0.0040
158 Y D	536.4 2		1.38 8	1.80 30	2.2 5	3.1 7	0.956
160x21	357.9 8	1.85 26	2.11 11	2.19 36	2.9 7	3.4 8	1.59
162 Y D	243.1 10	2.48 22	2.83 14	2.63 43	3.4 8	3.7 8	2.39
16457L	100.3 2	3.30 33	3.49 18	3.1.5	3.8 9	4.0 9	2.79
10	123.3 1	4.34 24	4.10 22	3.0 0	4.4 10	4.3 10	3.70
1 D 168 VL	102.38 3	5.14 28 5.72 10	4.04 23	4.2 7	4.0 10	4.6 10	4.20
⊥0 170∿/⊾	01.13 I 81 76 1	5.15 IU 571 14	J.12 28 5 55 31	4.8 ð 5 5 0	4.8 11	4.9 11	4.47
10	04.20 1	5.71 10	3.33 31	3.3 Y	5.0 11	<b>5.1</b> <i>11</i>	4.47

			Glol	bal Syste	Local Systematics		
Nucleus	E(level) (keV)	Measured Value	Bohr and Mottelson	Grodzins	Best Fit	Ross and Bhaduri	Patnaik et al.
<sup>172</sup> Yb	78.75 1	6.04 7	7.7 31	5.4 18	5.9 7	5.94 42	5.78 41
174Yb	76.48 1	5.94 6	7.9 <i>32</i>	5.5 18	6.0 7	6.33 <i>32</i>	6.18 <i>31</i>
<sup>176</sup> Yb	82.13 <i>2</i>	5.41 10	7.3 <i>30</i>	5.0 17	5.5 6	5.34 <i>13</i>	5.49 14
<sup>178</sup> Yb	82. 5		7.3 <i>30</i>	5.0 17	5.5 6	5.24 14	5.24 14
<sup>162</sup> Hf	285.0 <i>3</i>		2.3 9	1.7 6	1.78 <i>17</i>		
<sup>164</sup> Hf	211. <i>I</i>		3.1 <i>13</i>	2.2 7	2.39 20	2.84 <i>38</i>	2.62 <b>4</b> 6
<sup>166</sup> Hf	158.7 5	3.46 18	<b>4</b> .1 <i>17</i>	2.9 10	3.15 <i>26</i>	3.60 <i>30</i>	3.71 <i>31</i>
<sup>168</sup> Hf	123.7 <i>3</i>	4.28 22	5.2 21	3.7 12	4.01 <i>37</i>	3.9 7	3.8 7
<sup>170</sup> Hf	100.3 1	5.0 11	6.4 <i>26</i>	4.5 15	4.9 5	5.19 <i>44</i>	5.28 <i>45</i>
<sup>172</sup> Hf	95.26 <i>5</i>	4.38 <i>31</i>	6.7 <i>28</i>	<b>4</b> .7 16	5.1 6	4.8 8	4.7 8
<sup>174</sup> Hf	91.00 <i>2</i>	4.80 <i>29</i>	7.0 <i>29</i>	4.9 16	5.3 6	4.92 <i>28</i>	5.04 <i>29</i>
<sup>176</sup> Hf	88.35 4	5.27 10	7.2 <i>29</i>	5.0 16	5.4 6	4.96 <i>23</i>	5.02 24
178Hf	93.17 <i>1</i>	4.82 <i>6</i>	6.8 <i>28</i>	4.7 16	5.1 <i>6</i>	4.88 <i>24</i>	<b>4.72</b> <i>23</i>
<sup>180</sup> Hf	93.32 <i>1</i>	4.65 8	6.8 <i>28</i>	4.6 15	5.1 5	4.60 <i>29</i>	4.78 <i>30</i>
<sup>182</sup> Hf	97.8 <i>2</i>		6.4 <i>26</i>	4.3 <i>14</i>	4.8 5	4.43 17	4.23 15
<sup>184</sup> Hf	107.4 10		5.8 <i>24</i>	3.9 <i>13</i>	4.34 <i>43</i>		
<sup>168</sup> W	199.3 <i>3</i>	3.22 16	3.4 14	2.4 8	2.63 22	2.90 22	2.74 21
<sup>170</sup> W	156.0 <i>2</i>	3.56 8	4.4 18	3.1 10	3.33 <i>28</i>	4.4 8	4.6 8
$^{172}W$	122.9 4	5.85 <i>48</i>	5.5 22	3.9 <i>13</i>	4.19 <i>39</i>	4.3 10	4.3 10
<sup>174</sup> W	113.0 <i>1</i>		6.0 <i>24</i>	4.2 <i>14</i>	4.52 <i>44</i>	4.9 <i>13</i>	5.2 12
<sup>176</sup> W	108.9 <i>3</i>		6.2 <i>25</i>	4.3 14	4.66 <i>46</i>		
<sup>178</sup> W	105.9 <i>3</i>		6.3 <i>26</i>	4.3 14	4.75 <i>4</i> 8	4.24 26	4.64 <i>26</i>
$^{180}W$	103.6 <i>2</i>	4.19 <i>23</i>	6.4 <i>26</i>	4.4 14	4.82 <i>4</i> 9	4.60 35	4.54 34
<sup>182</sup> W	100.11 <i>1</i>	4.15 <i>11</i>	6.6 <i>2</i> 7	4.5 15	5.0 5	3.87 <i>32</i>	3.87 <i>32</i>
<sup>184</sup> W	111.21 <i>1</i>	3.73 7	6.0 <i>24</i>	4.0 13	4.42 <i>43</i>	3.88 21	3.84 21
<sup>186</sup> W <sup>188</sup> W	122.63 <i>2</i> 143. 2	3.44 6	5.4 22 4.6 19	3.6 <i>12</i> 3.0 <i>10</i>	3.98 <i>37</i> 3.39 <i>30</i>	3.34 <i>15</i> 3.24 <i>17</i>	3.36 <i>15</i> 3.20 <i>12</i>
1720				2.2.7	2 20 22		
174O	221.1 3		3.1 13 A 5 19	2.2 /	2.39 22		
1760s	128.2 2		4.3 10	3.1 10	3.40 29		
1780	135.4 2		5.2 21	3.0 12	4 03 36		
18000	131.0 3		5 3 22	36 12	4.00 36		
18200	1260 2	3 81 22	55 22	37 12	4.12 38	3 21 23	3 70 27
1840	110 70 10	3 20 15	58 24	3017	4.12 50	3 42 42	3 31 40
1860.	137 16 1	2 91 10	51 21	34 11	3 76 34	3.05 46	2.96 44
1880.	155.03 /	2.54 6	45 18	30 10	3 30 30	2.40 37	2.27 35
190	196.69 4	2.34 0	37 15	248	2.20 20	2 41 24	2 50 26
1920	205 79 1	2.50 2	3314	2.2.7	2.45 24	1.94 12	2.05 13
1940	218 51 2	2.05 /	3.1 13	2.0 7	2.29 24	1.80 8	1.79 10
<sup>1%</sup> Os	300. <i>20</i>		2.3 9	1.46 49	1.66 21		
<sup>176</sup> Pt	263.9 10		2.8 12	2.0 7	2.14 20		
<sup>178</sup> Pt	170.1 10		4.4 18	3.0 10	3.29 <i>2</i> 8		
180Pt	152.2 3		4.9 20	3.3 11	3.65 32		
<sup>182</sup> Pt	154.9 2		4.8 20	3.2 11	3.56 <i>31</i>	5.6 22	4.5 5
<sup>184</sup> Pt	162.96 9	3.95 14	4.5 18	3.0 10	3.35 <i>30</i>	5.1 <i>5</i>	3.59 <i>3</i> 8
<sup>186</sup> Pt	191.53 <i>4</i>	2.98 11	3.8 16	2.5 8	2.83 26	2.86 44	3.12 <i>48</i>

			Regional Systematics			tics	s Global	
Nucleus	E(level) (keV)	Measured Value	β <sub>2</sub> /β <sub>2(sp)</sub> Fit	IBA SU(3)	Stretched sp. "SU(3)"	Single- <i>j</i> Simulation	Calculation Möller and Nix	
<sup>172</sup> Yb	78.75 1	6.04 7	5.92 34	6.2 10	5.2 12	5.3 12	4.74	
<sup>174</sup> Yb	76.48 <i>1</i>	5.94 6	6.25 36	6.9 11	5.1 12	5.5 12	4.33	
<sup>176</sup> Yb	82.13 2	5.41 10	6.10 <i>35</i>	6.3 10	4.9 11	5.6 12	4.07	
<sup>178</sup> Yb	82. 5		5.90 <i>33</i>	5.6 9	4.6 11	5.6 13	4.07	
<sup>162</sup> Hf	285.0 <i>3</i>		2.42 12	2.09 <i>34</i>	3.0 7	3.5 8	1.84	
<sup>164</sup> Hf	211. <i>I</i>		3.03 15	2.52 42	3.5 8	3.8 8	2.59	
<sup>166</sup> Hf	158.7 <i>5</i>	3.46 18	3.61 <i>18</i>	2.99 <i>49</i>	4.0 9	4.0 9	2.79	
<sup>168</sup> Hf	123.7 <i>3</i>	4.28 22	4.14 22	3.5 6	4.2 10	4.3 10	3.46	
<sup>170</sup> Hf	100.3 1	5.0 11	4.64 25	4.1 7	4.4 10	4.6 10	4.47	
<sup>172</sup> Hf	95.26 5	4.38 31	5.09 28	4.7 8	4.5 10	4.8 11	4.74	
<sup>174</sup> Hf	91.00 <i>2</i>	4.80 29	5.49 30	5.3 9	4.7 11	5.0 11	4.74	
<sup>176</sup> Hf	88.35 <i>4</i>	5.27 10	5.86 <i>33</i>	6.0 10	4.6 11	5.2 12	4.47	
<sup>178</sup> Hf	93.17 <i>1</i>	4.82 6	5.66 31	5.4 9	4.4 10	5.3 12	4.20	
<sup>180</sup> Hf	93.32 <i>1</i>	4.65 8	5.40 29	4.8 8	4.2 10	5.3 12	4.20	
<sup>182</sup> Hf	97.8 <i>2</i>		5.08 27	4.2 7	4.0 9	5.3 12	3.95	
<sup>184</sup> Hf	107.4 10		4.68 24	3.7 6	3.8 9	5.2 12	3.70	
<sup>168</sup> W	199.3 <i>3</i>	3.22 16	3.02 15	2.41 40	3.3 8	3.5 8	2.39	
<sup>170</sup> W	156.0 <i>2</i>	3.56 8	3.51 18	2.87 47	3.5 8	3.8 8	2.79	
<sup>172</sup> W	122.9 <i>4</i>	5.85 <i>48</i>	3.99 <i>21</i>	3.4 <i>6</i>	3.7 8	4.0 9	3.46	
<sup>174</sup> W	113.0 <i>1</i>		4.44 <i>23</i>	3.9 6	3.8 9	4.2 9	3.70	
<sup>176</sup> W	108.9 <i>3</i>		4.86 <i>26</i>	4.5 7	4.0 9	4.4 10	3.95	
<sup>178</sup> W	105.9 <i>3</i>		5.25 28	5.2 8	3.9 9	4.5 10	3.70	
<sup>180</sup> W	103.6 <i>2</i>	4.19 23	5.00 27	4.6 8	3.7 8	4.6 10	3.70	
<sup>182</sup> W	100.11 <i>1</i>	4.15 11	4.71 25	4.0 7	3.5 8	4.7 10	3.70	
<sup>184</sup> W	111.21 <i>1</i>	3.73 7	4.36 22	3.5 6	3.3 8	4.6 10	3.23	
<sup>186</sup> W	122.63 2	3.44 6	3.96 20	3.0 <i>5</i>	3.1 7	4.6 10	3.12	
<sup>188</sup> W	143. <i>2</i>		3.50 18	2.60 43	2.8 6	4.4 10	2.69	
<sup>172</sup> Os	227.7 3		2.75 14	2.30 <i>38</i>	2.9 7	2.9 7	2.11	
<sup>174</sup> Os	158.5 2		3.16 <i>16</i>	2.76 46	3.0 7	3.2 7	2.79	
176Os	135.2 2		3.57 18	3.2 5	3.2 7	3.3 7	3.01	
<sup>178</sup> Os	131.6 <i>3</i>		3.96 20	3.8 <i>6</i>	3.3 8	3.5 8	3.01	
<sup>180</sup> Os	131.8 <i>3</i>		4.34 22	4.4 7	3.2 7	3.6 8	3.01	
<sup>182</sup> Os	126.9 <i>2</i>	3.81 <i>33</i>	4.08 21	3.9 6	3.0 7	3.7 8	3.23	
<sup>184</sup> Os	119.79 <i>10</i>	3.20 15	3.78 19	3.4 6	2.9 6	3.7 8	3.01	
<sup>186</sup> Os	137.16 I	2.91 10	3.46 18	2.88 <i>48</i>	2.7 6	3.7 8	2.90	
<sup>188</sup> Os	155.03 <i>1</i>	2.54 6	3.09 16	2.44 <i>4</i> 0	2.5 6	3.7 8	2.29	
<sup>190</sup> Os	186.68 <i>4</i>	2.30 <i>9</i>	2.70 <i>14</i>	2.03 <i>34</i>	2.2 5	3.5 8	1.75	
<sup>192</sup> Os	205.79 <i>1</i>	2.05 7	2.29 <i>12</i>	1.66 <i>2</i> 7	1.81 <i>41</i>	3.3 7	1.59	
<sup>194</sup> Os	218.51 <i>2</i>		1.85 <i>11</i>	1.32 22	1.43 <i>33</i>	3.1 7	1.51	
<sup>196</sup> Os	300. 20		1.41 9	1.02 17	1.08 25	2.8 6	1.44	
176Pt	263.9 10		2.17 12	2.19 <i>3</i> 6	2.4 6	2.16 48	1.84	
<sup>178</sup> Pt	170.1 <i>10</i>		2.48 <i>13</i>	2.64 <i>44</i>	2.6 6	2.3 5	2.39	
<sup>180</sup> Pt	152.2 <i>3</i>		2.78 14	3.1 5	2.7 6	2.4 5	4.47	
<sup>182</sup> Pt	154.9 <i>2</i>		3.10 16	3.7 6	2.6 <i>6</i>	2.5 6	3.82	
<sup>184</sup> Pt	162.96 9	3.95 14	2.87 15	3.2 5	2.5 6	2.6 6	3.58	
186Pt	191.53 <i>4</i>	2.98 11	2.63 14	2.72 45	2.3 5	2.6 6	3.01	

Nucleus	E(level) (keV)	Measured Value	Globa Bohr and Mottelson	al Syste Grodzins	e matics BestFit	Local Ross and Bhaduri	Systematics Patnaik et al.
188Pt	265.63 6	2.60 47	2.8 11	1.8 б	2.03 22	2.12 22	2.40 25
190Pt	295.82 4	1.75 22	2.5 10	1.6 5	1.81 22	2.02 28	2.19 30
<sup>192</sup> Pt	316.50 I	1.91 6	2.3 9	1.49 50	1.68 <i>21</i>	1.80 <i>19</i>	1.71 <i>18</i>
<sup>194</sup> Pt	328.45 2	1.66 6	2.2 9	1.42 47	1.60 21	1.85 10	1.61 9
196Pt	355.7 1	1.40 4	2.0 8	1.30 <i>43</i>	1.47 20	1.47 8	1.35 7
198Pt	407.2 1	1.06 5	1.8 7	1.12 <i>37</i>	1.28 20	0.896 <i>30</i>	1.263 <i>42</i>
<sup>200</sup> Pt	466. <i>6</i>		1.5 6	0.97 <i>32</i>	1.11 <i>18</i>	0.753 <i>35</i>	0.82 5
<sup>182</sup> Hg	351.8 <i>5</i>		2.2 9	1.49 <i>49</i>	1.65 <i>21</i>		
<sup>184</sup> Hg	366.7 10	1.94 <i>45</i>	2.1 9	1. <b>41</b> <i>4</i> 7	1.57 21		
<sup>186</sup> Hg	405.3 10	1.37 <i>23</i>	1.9 8	1.26 <i>42</i>	1.41 20		
<sup>188</sup> Hg	412.9 <i>l</i>		1.9 8	1.23 41	1.37 20	1.21 <i>19</i>	0.40 29
<sup>190</sup> Hg	416.5 <i>3</i>		1.8 8	1.20 40	1.35 20		
<sup>192</sup> Hg	422.8 <i>3</i>		1.8 7	1.17 39	1.32 20		
<sup>194</sup> Hg	428.1 <i>3</i>		1.8 7	1.15 38	1.30 20	1.26 8	1.40 10
196Hg	426.1 <i>1</i>	1.15 5	1.8 7	1.14 38	1.29 20	1.030 49	1.25 6
198Hg	411.80 2	0.990 12	1.8 7	1.17 39	1.33 20	0.95 0	1.04 0
200 Hg	367.97 2	0.853 11	2.0 8	1.30 43	1.48 22	0.98 0	0.650 3/
<sup>200</sup> Hg	439.4 2	0.612 10	1./ /	1.07 30	1.23 20	0.246.0	0.469 1/
<sup>206</sup> Hg	430.0 Z 1068. 1	0.42/ /	0.70 <i>28</i>	0.43 14	0.50 13	0.240 9	0.617 31
190mL	772 2		1.04 42	0.69.22	076 16		
192m	//3. Z 9515 10		1.04 42	0.61 20	0.70 10		
194DL	064 2 10		0.97 30	0.54 18	0.09 13		
196Ph	1048.6 10		0.76 37	0.49 16	0.55 14		
198ph	1063 5 7		0.74 30	0.48 16	0.54 14	X.	
200ph	1026.5 2		0.77 32	0.49 16	0.56 14		
<sup>202</sup> Pb	960.8 2		0.82 34	0.52 17	0.59 14	0.1644 <i>4</i> 8	0.403 15
<sup>204</sup> Pb	899.15 15	0.162 4	0.87 36	0.55 18	0.63 15	0.1029 32	0.285 9
<sup>206</sup> Pb	803.05 5	0.100 2	0.97 40	0.61 20	0.70 16	0.1463 50	
<sup>208</sup> Pb	4084.7 5	0.29 <i>3</i>	0.19 8	0.118 <i>3</i> 9	0.14 6		
<sup>210</sup> Pb	800. 1	0.051 15	0.97 <i>40</i>	0.60 20	0.69 <i>16</i>		
<sup>212</sup> Pb	805. <i>1</i>		0.96 <i>39</i>	0.59 20	0.68 16		
<sup>214</sup> Pb	837. <i>2</i>		0.92 <i>38</i>	0.56 19	0.65 16		
<sup>200</sup> Po	666. <i>1</i>		1.2 5	0.79 26	0.90 18		
<sup>202</sup> Po	677.4 <i>5</i>		1.22 50	0.77 <i>26</i>	0.88 18		
<sup>204</sup> Po	683.5 <i>5</i>		1.21 <i>49</i>	0.75 25	0.86 <i>18</i>		
<sup>206</sup> Po	700.31 <i>2</i>		1.17 <b>4</b> 8	0.73 24	0.84 18		
<sup>208</sup> Po	686.45 <i>2</i>		1.19 49	0.74 24	0.85 18		
<sup>210</sup> Po	1181.4 1	0.020 <i>4</i>	0.69 28	0.42 14	0.49 13		
214m	727.17 4		1.12 40	0.08 23	U./Y Ið 0.04 10		
216p	609.32 5		1.5 5	0.81 2/	U.94 /9 1 02 20		
218p-	549.13 5 615 1		1.20	0.00 29	1.05 20		
<b>r</b> 0	JI <i>L</i> . I		1.0 0	0.77 JI	1.10 41		
<sup>204</sup> Rn	542.9 5		1.6 <i>б</i>	1.00 <i>33</i>	1.14 <i>21</i>		
206 D n	5754 5		156	093 31	1 07 21		

			Re	Global			
Nucleus	E(level) (keV)	Measured Value	β <sub>2</sub> /β <sub>2(19)</sub> Fit	IBA SU(3)	Stretched sp. "SU(3)"	Single- <i>j</i> Simulation	Calculation Möller and Nix
188Pt	265.63 6	2.60 47	2.37 13	2.29 38	2.12 48	2.6 6	2.11
<sup>190</sup> Pt	295.82 <i>4</i>	1.75 22	2.10 12	1.89 <i>31</i>	1.99 45	2.6 6	1.44
192Pt	316.50 <i>1</i>	1.91 6	1.83 <i>11</i>	1.53 25	1.73 40	2.4 5	1.36
<sup>194</sup> Pt	328.45 <i>2</i>	1.66 <i>6</i>	1.54 10	1.21 20	1.35 <i>31</i>	2.3 5	1.22
196Pt	355.7 1	1.40 4	1.26 9	0.92 15	1.02 23	2.07 <b>4</b> 6	1.15
198Pt	407.2 1	1.06 5	0.98 8	0.67 11	0.73 17	1.82 41	1.08
<sup>200</sup> Pt	<b>466</b> . <i>6</i>		0.72 7	0.46 8	0.49 11	1.54 <i>34</i>	0.359
<sup>182</sup> Hg	351.8 <i>5</i>		1.42 9				1.15
<sup>184</sup> Hg	366.7 10	1.94 <i>45</i>	1.58 10				1.15
<sup>186</sup> Hg	405.3 10	1.37 23	1.46 9				1.15
<sup>188</sup> Hg	412.9 <i>I</i>		1.34 9				1.15
<sup>190</sup> Hg	416.5 <i>3</i>		1.21 8				1.15
<sup>192</sup> Hg	422.8 <i>3</i>		1.08 8				1.08
<sup>194</sup> Hg	428.1 <i>3</i>		0.96 8				1.08
<sup>196</sup> Hg	<b>426</b> .1 <i>1</i>	1.15 5	0.83 7				0.956
<sup>198</sup> Hg	411.80 2	0.990 12	0.71 7				0.895
<sup>200</sup> Hg	367.97 <i>2</i>	0.853 11	0.59 <i>6</i>				0.780
<sup>202</sup> Hg	439.4 <i>2</i>	0.612 10	0.48 <i>6</i>				0.322
<sup>204</sup> Hg	436.6 2	0.427 7	0.37 5				0.195
<sup>206</sup> Hg	1068. <i>1</i>		0.273 48				
<sup>190</sup> Pb	773. 2		0.245 43				
<sup>192</sup> Pb	851.5 <i>10</i>		0.249 <i>43</i>				0.0090
<sup>194</sup> Pb	964.2 10		0.252 44				0.0090
196 <b>P</b> b	1048.6 <i>10</i>		0.256 44				0.0090
198Pb	1063.5 <i>3</i>		0.259 45				0.0090
<sup>200</sup> Рb	1026.5 <i>2</i>		0.263 <i>46</i>				
<sup>202</sup> Pb	960.8 <i>2</i>		0.266 46				
<sup>204</sup> Pb	899.15 <i>15</i>	0.162 4	0.270 <i>4</i> 7				
<sup>206</sup> Pb	803.05 <i>5</i>	0.100 2	0.273 48				
<sup>208</sup> Pb	4084.7 5	0.29 <i>3</i>	0.277 <i>4</i> 8				
<sup>210</sup> РЬ	800. 1	0.051 15	0.094 <i>40</i>				
<sup>212</sup> Pb	805. 1		0.095 41				

<sup>214</sup> Pb	837. <i>2</i>		0.097 41	
<sup>200</sup> Po	666. 1			0.081
<sup>202</sup> Po	677.4 5			0.049
<sup>204</sup> Po	683.5 <i>5</i>			0.025
<sup>206</sup> Po	700.31 2			0.025
<sup>208</sup> Po	686.45 2			0.025
<sup>210</sup> Po	1181.4 <i>1</i>	0.020 4	0.094 40	
<sup>212</sup> Po	727.17 <b>4</b>		0.21 <i>6</i>	
<sup>214</sup> Po	609.32 <i>3</i>		0.37 7	
<sup>216</sup> Po	549.73 <i>5</i>		0.57 9	
<sup>218</sup> Po	512. <i>1</i>		0.80 10	0.0090
<sup>204</sup> Rn	542.9 5			0.672
<sup>206</sup> Rn	575.4 5			0.322

Nucleus	E(level) (keV)	Measured Value	Glob Bohr and Mottelson	al Syste Grodzins	matics BestFit	Local Ross and Bhaduri	Systematics Patnaik <i>et al</i> .
<sup>208</sup> Rn	635.8 2		1.4 6	0.83 28	0.96 20		
<sup>210</sup> Rn	643.8 2		1.3 5	0.82 27	0.94 20		
<sup>212</sup> Rn	1273.7 5		0.67 27	0.41 14	0.47 <i>13</i>		
<sup>214</sup> Rn	693.6 10		1.2 5	0.74 25	0.86 19		
<sup>216</sup> Rn	465. <i>4</i>		1.8 7	1.10 <i>36</i>	1.28 23		
<sup>218</sup> Rn	324.04 15		2.6 11	1.6 5	1.82 27		
<sup>220</sup> Rn	240.99 <i>2</i>	1.86 7	3.5 14	2.1 7	2. <b>44</b> <i>31</i>	3.19 <i>36</i>	2.89 32
<sup>222</sup> Rn	185.99 <i>4</i>	2.36 15	4.5 18	2.7 9	3.14 <i>35</i>	1.68 17	1.33 <i>13</i>
<sup>214</sup> Ra	1381.2 10		0.64 26	0.39 13	0.45 13		
<sup>216</sup> Ra	688.2 <i>2</i>		1.3 5	0.78 <i>26</i>	0.90 20		
<sup>218</sup> Ra	389.2 <i>2</i>	1.06 19	2.3 9	1.36 45	1.59 26		
<sup>220</sup> Ra	178.1 3		5.0 20	2.9 10	3.45 <i>3</i> 8		
<sup>444</sup> Ra	110.9 <i>1</i>	4.52 38	7.9 32	4.7 16	5.5 6	3.08 <i>26</i>	3. <b>4</b> 9 <i>2</i> 9
<sup>224</sup> Ra	84.37 <i>1</i>	3.99 16	10.4 42	6.1 20	7.2 8	5.3 <i>5</i>	5.0 5
<sup>226</sup> Ra	67.6 2	5.13 28	13. 5	7.6 25	8.9 11	4.84 42	4.62 40
22°Ra	63.82 2	6.01 <i>49</i>	14. <i>G</i>	7.9 26	9.4 12	5.65 <i>38</i>	6.10 <i>41</i>
<sup>218</sup> Th	688.8 <i>6</i>		1.3 5	0.80 27	0.94 21		
<sup>220</sup> Th	373.3 3		2.5 10	1.47 49	1.72 28		
<sup>222</sup> Th 224771	183.3 3	2.98 25	5.0 20	3.0 10	3.49 39		
226m	98.0 3	6.05.40	9.4 38	5.5 18	6.5 /	9.7 22	7.4 6
228 m	72.13 7	6.85 <i>40</i>	13. 5	7.4 25	8.8 10	5.47 42	5.93 46
230m	57.70 I	1.07 27	10. 0	9.2 30	10.9 14	/.6 8	1.6 8
232 TTL	55.22 Z	8.04 10	17. 7	9.9 33	11./ 10	8.2 9	8.0 9
In 234m	49.37 1	9.28 y	18. 8 19. 7	10.5 35	12.0 18	1.8 /	1.9 /
	49.33 0	1.9 /	18. /	10.4 33	12.4 18	10.40 20	10.23 25
<sup>228</sup> U	59. <i>14</i>		1 <b>6</b> . <i>7</i>	9.4 <i>31</i>	11.1 <i>15</i>	10.6 <i>18</i>	9.3 <i>12</i>
<sup>230</sup> U	51.8 <i>1</i>	9.5 <i>11</i>	18. <i>8</i>	10.6 <i>35</i>	12.6 <i>18</i>	8.6 <i>8</i>	8.9 8
<sup>232</sup> U	47.6 <i>1</i>	9.9 8	20. <i>8</i>	11.4 <i>3</i> 8	13.6 <i>20</i>	9.9 <i>9</i>	9.9 <i>9</i>
<sup>234</sup> U	43.49 1	10.66 20	22. 9	12.4 <i>41</i>	14.8 <i>23</i>	13.1 <i>11</i>	12.1 <i>10</i>
<sup>236</sup> U	45.24 <i>I</i>	11.61 <i>15</i>	21. 8	11.8 <i>39</i>	14.2 <i>21</i>	10.1 7	10.5 7
<sup>238</sup> U	<b>44.91</b> <i>2</i>	12.09 <i>20</i>	21. 8	11.8 39	14.2 <i>21</i>	11.73 <i>35</i>	12.02 <i>36</i>
<sup>240</sup> U	44. <i>2</i>		21. 9	11.9 <i>40</i>	14.4 22	13.19 <i>42</i>	12. <b>4</b> 7 <i>3</i> 9
<sup>236</sup> Pu	44.6 2		22. 9	12.5 <i>42</i>	15.0 <i>23</i>	10.93 <i>28</i>	11.66 <i>30</i>
<sup>238</sup> Pu	44.08 <i>5</i>	12.61 17	22. 9	12.5 42	15.1 <i>23</i>	12.22 <i>3</i> 8	12.54 <i>39</i>
<sup>240</sup> Pu	42.82 <i>2</i>	13.02 30	23. 9	12.8 <i>42</i>	15.4 <i>24</i>	13.45 <i>34</i>	13.09 <i>33</i>
<sup>242</sup> Pu	44.54 2	13.40 16	22. 9	12.2 40	14.8 22	13.60 41	13.41 27
² <b>≁</b> •Pu	45. 1	13.68 <i>16</i>	22. 9	12.0 40	14.5 22	13.48 27	13.67 28
<sup>238</sup> Cm	35. 7		29. 12	16. 5	19.8 <i>34</i>		
***Cm	43, 3		24. 10	13.3 44	16.0 24	10.04 40	1
244 C	42.12 6	14/8	24. 10	13.5 45	16.3 25	13.91 40	14.29 38
246O	42.9 1	14.07 17	24. 10	13.1 44	15.9 24	14.45 43	14.66 30
248 Cm	42.85 1	14.94 17	24. 10	13.0 43	15.8 24	15.17 <b>46</b>	14.95 <i>30</i>
250 C	43,40 3	14.77 18	23. IU 23. IO	12.8 42	13.3 23	120 17	167 30
Cm	43. J		23. 10	14.0 42	13.0 24	10.0 41	15.7 20

Nucleus	<i>E</i> (level) (keV)	Measured Value	R e $eta_2/eta_{2(sp)}$ Fit	gional IBA SU(3)	S y s t e m a t Stretched sp. "SU(3)"	i c s Single-j Simulation	Global Calculation Möller and Nix
				<u></u>			
<sup>208</sup> Rn	635.8 <i>2</i>						0.099
<sup>210</sup> Rn	643.8 <i>2</i>						0.064
$^{212}$ Rn	1273.7 5		0.095 41				
<sup>214</sup> Rn	693.6 10		0.37 7	0.07.04	A 00 A7	0.00.14	
<sup>210</sup> Rn	465. 4		0.79 10	0.87 26	2.08 27	0.89 14	0.074
<sup>21</sup> °Rn	324.04 15	1.06	1.31 12	1.17 34	2.81 30	1.41 22	0.064
<sup>220</sup> Rn	240.99 2	1.86 7	1.91 14	1.51 44	3.38 44	2.03 32	0.837
<sup>222</sup> Rn	185.99 4	2.36 15	2.55 15	1.9 0	4.0 5	2.15 43	1.07
<sup>214</sup> Ra	1381.2 10		0.097 41				
<sup>216</sup> Ra	688.2 <i>2</i>		0.57 9				
<sup>218</sup> Ra	389.2 <i>2</i>	1.06 <i>19</i>	1.31 12	1.59 <i>4</i> 7	3.34 <i>43</i>	1.37 21	0.016
<sup>220</sup> Ra	178.1 <i>3</i>		2.21 14	2.0 6	4.3 6	2.00 31	0.895
<sup>222</sup> Ra	110.9 <i>1</i>	4.52 38	3.19 16	2.4 7	5.0 6	2.73 43	1.75
<sup>224</sup> Ra	84.37 <i>I</i>	3.99 16	4.21 17	2.9 9	5.7 7	3.6 6	3.70
<sup>220</sup> Ra	67.6 2	5.13 28	5.22 19	3.4 10	6.5 8	4.5 7	4.20
<sup>228</sup> Ra	63.82 2	6.01 <i>49</i>	6.19 20	4.0 12	7.09	5.4 8	5.45
<sup>218</sup> Th	688.8 <i>6</i>		0.80 10				
<sup>220</sup> Th	373.3 <i>3</i>		1.91 <i>14</i>	2.5 7	4.2 6	1.92 <i>30</i>	0.036
<sup>222</sup> Th	183.3 <i>3</i>	2.98 25	3.19 16	3.0 9	5.3 7	2.66 <i>42</i>	1.59
<sup>224</sup> Th	98.0 <i>3</i>		4.53 18	3.6 10	6.1 8	3.5 6	3.95
<sup>226</sup> Th	72.13 7	6.85 <i>40</i>	5.82 20	4.2 12	6.9 9	4.4 7	4.47
<sup>228</sup> Th	57.76 1	7.07 <i>27</i>	7.04 22	4.8 14	7.8 10	5.4 8	5.90
<sup>230</sup> Th	53.22 <i>2</i>	8.04 10	8.16 <i>24</i>	5.5 16	8.3 11	6.5 10	6.85
<sup>232</sup> Th	49.37 1	9.28 9	9.17 <i>2</i> 6	6.2 18	8.8 11	7.6 12	7.36
<sup>234</sup> Th	<b>49.55</b> 6	7.9 7	10.08 28	7.0 21	9.4 12	8.7 14	7.88
<sup>228</sup> U	59. 14		7.31 22	5.6 17	8.1 10	5.4 8	6.21
<sup>230</sup> U	51.8 <i>I</i>	9.5 11	8.63 25	6.4 19	9.1 12	6.5 10	6.85
<sup>232</sup> U	47.6 1	9.9 8	9.78 <i>28</i>	7.2 21	9.7 13	7.7 12	8.06
<sup>234</sup> U	43.49 <i>I</i>	10.66 <i>20</i>	10.76 <i>30</i>	8.1 24	10.2 13	8.9 <i>14</i>	8.60
<sup>236</sup> U	45.24 I	11.61 15	11.60 32	9.0 26	10.8 14	10.1 16	8.60
<sup>238</sup> U	<b>44.91</b> <i>2</i>	12.09 20	12.32 <i>34</i>	9.9 <i>2</i> 9	11.5 15	11.2 <i>18</i>	8.79
<sup>240</sup> U	44. <i>2</i>		12.93 <i>3</i> 6	10.9 32	11.6 15	12.4 <i>19</i>	9.36
<sup>236</sup> Pu	44.6 2		11.96 33	10.1 30	11.9 15	10.1 16	8.98
<sup>238</sup> Pu	44.08 5	12.61 17	12.70 36	11.1 33	12.5 16	11.4 18	9.36
<sup>240</sup> Pu	42.82 2	13.02 30	13.31 37	12.2 36	13.2 17	12.6 20	9.95
<sup>242</sup> Pu	44.54 2	13.40 16	13.81 39	13.3 39	13.4 17	13.8 22	9.75
<sup>244</sup> Pu	<b>4</b> 5. <i>I</i>	13.68 16	14.24 40	14.5 43	13.5 17	14.9 23	9.55
<sup>238</sup> Cm	35. 7		12.87 36	12.4 37	12.5 16	11.3 18	9.75
240Cm	43. 3		13.50 38	13.6 40	13.2 17	12.7 20	9.55
<sup>242</sup> Cm	42.12 6		14.00 40	14.8 44	13.9 18	14.0 22	10.4
244Cm	42.9 1	14.67 17	14.41 41	16.0 47	14.1 18	15.3 24	10.8
<sup>246</sup> Cm	42.85 1	14.94 17	14.76 42	17. 5	14.2 18	16.4 26	10.8
<sup>248</sup> Cm	43.40 <i>3</i>	14.99 <i>18</i>	15.05 43	<b>19</b> . 6	14.3 <i>18</i>	17.4 27	10.4
<sup>250</sup> Cm	43. 5		15.31 44	20. 6	14.3 <i>19</i>	18.3 <i>29</i>	10.4

		Global Systematics				Local	Systematics
Nucleus	E(level) (keV)	Measured Value	Bohr and Mottelsor	Grodzins 1	Best Fit	Ross and Bhaduri	Patnaik <i>et al</i> .
<sup>244</sup> Cf	41. 5		26. 10	14.3 48	17.3 27		
<sup>248</sup> Cf	42. <i>1</i>		25. 10	13.7 46	16.7 <i>26</i>		
<sup>250</sup> Cf	<b>42</b> .7 <i>2</i>	16.0 <i>16</i>	24. 10	13.4 44	16.4 25		
<sup>252</sup> Cf	45.72 <i>5</i>	16.7 <i>11</i>	23. 9	12.4 <i>41</i>	15.2 22		
<sup>254</sup> Fm	44.99 2		24. 10	13.0 <i>43</i>	16.0 <i>24</i>		

			Reg	gional	Systema	tics	Global
Nucleus	E(level) (keV)	Measured Value	$eta_2/eta_{2(sp)}$ Fit	IBA SU(3)	Stretched sp. "SU(3)"	Single- <i>j</i> Simulation	Calculation Möller and Nix
244Cf	41. 5		14.50 41	18. 5	14.4 19	15.3 24	11.4
<sup>248</sup> Cf	42. <i>I</i>		15.12 <i>43</i>	20. 6	14.7 <i>19</i>	17.8 <i>28</i>	11.0
<sup>250</sup> Cf	42.7 2	16.0 <i>16</i>	15.37 44	22. 6	14.8 <i>19</i>	18.9 <i>30</i>	11.4
<sup>252</sup> Cf	45.72 5	16.7 <i>11</i>	15.60 45	23. 7	14.8 <i>19</i>	19.8 <i>31</i>	10.8
<sup>254</sup> Fm	44.99 <i>2</i>		15.82 <i>4</i> 6	27. 8	15.4 20	21.1 <i>33</i>	11.2







FIGURE III. Summary Graphs of B(E2)↑ Predictions for Helium to Fermium Isotopes See page 13 for Explanation of Figures



FIGURE III. Summary Graphs of B(E2) Predictions for Helium to Fermium Isotopes See page 13 for Explanation of Figures



FIGURE III. Summary Graphs of B(E2)↑ Predictions for Helium to Fermium Isotopes See page 13 for Explanation of Figures



FIGURE III. Summary Graphs of B(E2) Predictions for Helium to Fermium Isotopes See page 13 for Explanation of Figures



0.0

150

160

180

0.0

140

160

MASS NUMBER

150

170

FIGURE III. Summary Graphs of B(E2)↑ Predictions for Helium to Fermium Isotopes See page 13 for Explanation of Figures

LOCAL RB

170

MASS NUMBER

REGIONAL  $\beta_2/\beta_{2(sp)}$ 

180

190



FIGURE III. Summary Graphs of B(E2) Predictions for Helium to Fermium Isotopes See page 13 for Explanation of Figures



FIGURE III. Summary Graphs of B(E2) Predictions for Helium to Fermium Isotopes See page 13 for Explanation of Figures



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